

Fig. 71. Stenocapsus admittens sp. n.: a elytron. – Psallomimus insignitus sp. n.: b same. – P. ornatus sp. n.: c – d vesica. – P. tibialis sp. n.: e claw; f right, g – h left stylus; i vesica. – P. lateralis (Pop.): j right, k left stylus; I theca; m vesica. – P. bicoloripes plagiatus ssp. n.: n right, o left stylus; p vesica.

C. plantarum Ldb.

✓ Campylomma plantarum LINDBERG 1958: 118 - 120. - C. subflava ODHIAMBO 1959:c 429 - 433, syn.n.

Apex of vesica as in Fig. 70 d.

26, several exx.; 21, 1 ex.; 44, 1 ex.; 52, 2 ex.; 72, 1 ex.; 72 - 71 1 ex. Previously known from the Cape Verde Is., Uganda and Kenya. I have seen specimens from Arabia and Ethiopia.

✓ C. hilaris sp. n.

Length 2 mm. Orangish ochraceous. 1st antennal joint totally and base of 2nd narrowly black, antennae otherwise yellow-brown. Eyes dark brown. Lateral margins of pronotum and entire scutellum red. Clavus orangish ochraceous, corium red, cuneus pale with apex and inner basal area red, membrane pale brownish, veins red. Under surface pale ochraceous, laterally \pm intensely marked with red. Legs pale ochraceous, fore and middle femora with 2 small fuscous apical spots, hind femur apically reddish and heavily spotted with black, the spots \pm confluent, tibiae with black spines arising from dark spots.

A small species. Hair covering yellowish. Ocular index 1.5 (δ) or 1.75 (\mathfrak{P}). Proportions between antennal joints 3 : 13:9:7, 2nd joint 0.9 × as long as diatone. Rostrum extending to middle coxae. Vesica (Fig. 70 e) slender, strongly expanded apically. Theca sharp-tipped. Other genitalia of the common type.

15, 1 paratype; 52, 2 paratypes; Equatoria: Juba, 1 δ , type and several paratypes, 27. II. - 2. III. 1963; 30 km. N. of 71, several paratypes. South Yemen: 131, 1 paratype. On *Tamarindus indicus* and at lamp.

Subgenus Sthenaromma subgen. n.

Usually small species. Hind femora with finer

dark irroration, the setigerous spots not larger than the other dots of irroration. Upper surface with distinct silvery pubescence besides the common hair covering.

Type: Campylomma acaciae Lv.

To this subgenus belongs also *Campylomma* indigena Ldb. from the Cape Verde Is.

 \checkmark C. (Sthenaromma) acaciae Lv. - 6, numerous exx.; 7-8, several exx.; 17, numerous exx.; 10, 1 ex.; 19, several exx.; 19-18, 1 ex.; 14, several exx.; 29, several exx.; 36-40, 1 ex.; 35, several exx.; 81-82, many exx.; 76-81, several exx. On Acacia. At lamp. Eremian (N. Africa, Chad, Isreal, Ethiopia, Somalia, Arabia).

/ C. (Sthenaromma) pallida (Wgn.), comb. n.

Sthenaropsis pallida WAGNER 1957: 94 – 95.

6, 1 ex.; 2, (WAGNER 1963: 484); 9, 1 ex.; 21, 1 ex. On Acacia. At lamp. Eremian (Iran, Eritrea).

Stenocapsus Bgr. (= Alluaudiella Pop.)

Additions to the original description (Poppius 1914:97):

Dark coloured, often blackish species, with 1st and 2nd antennal joints black, hind femora apically dark brown, tibial spines black, hind tibiae often with black dots. Hair covering yellowish, sometimes also silvery hairs present. Head (Fig. 69 h - i) short and broad as in *Campylomma*, in apical view about $1.3 \times$ as broad as high, in lateral view about $1.2 \times$ as high as long, tylus not prominent but visible from the side, eyes very large (ς) extending laterally to