Ocular index 1.50 — 1.55 (3), 1.70 — 1.77 (2). Ist antennal joint 0.60 — $0.61 \times$ as long as diatone (2), 2nd 1.51 — 1.64 \times as long as basal width of pronotum, 3rd distinctly shorter than 2nd; proportions between the joints 14:41:38:19. Pronotum about 1.7 \times as broad as long; lateral margins distinctly insinuated, basal margin with 4 small tubercles.

Material studied: Turkestan, some, J. Sahlberg. Range: S. Russia, Turkestan. Host: Ephedra sp.

5. N. psyche n.sp.

Length 3.75 mm. Whitish. Antennae totally pale yellow. Vertex with two small, indistinct, triangular reddish spots. Pronotum whitish; basal margin with two faint dark median spots. Scutellum reddish, base brownish. Elytra whitish; membrane smoky; veins near cuneus fulvous, the outer vein concolorous, smoky. Femora dilute reddish, apically paler; legs otherwise whitish.

Body small, about $4 \times$ as long as broad at base of pronotum. Hair covering whitish. Head in profile slightly higher than long (15:17); base of vertex only faintly marginate; ocular index 1.82 (\mathcal{P}). Proportions between antennal joints 13:27:27:12; lst joint distinctly tapering apicad, 0.62 \times as long as diatone, with very dense, long, erect, whitish or partly slightly brownish hair covering; 2nd joint 1.17 \times as long as basal width of pronotum, 3rd as long as 2nd. Pronotum broad, 1.92 \times as broad as long; lateral margins slightly insinuated, basal margin with two very faint median tubercles. Fore and middle tibiae with very long, erect white hairs.

Material studied: Sardinia, Platamona, 1 \, type, 11. VII. 1949, Servadei. Recorded as N. platycranoides Mtd. by Servadei (1952, p. 455).

Much as N. argyrotrichus, but easily distinguished by the smaller size, the dark membrane, the reddish femora and the differences in measurements mentioned above. Differs from the species of the ephedrae group in the pale pronotum, the pale hairs of the lst antennal joint and the long pilosity of the fore and middle tibiae.

6. N. platycranoides MTD.

This and the following species are characterized by the remarkably long, reddish lst antennal joint with a shorter and more adpressed hair covering (hairs not longer than the greatest width of the joint) than in the other species; hairs rather pale. The hairs of the tibiae short.

The largest species of the genus, length 4.25 – 5.25 mm. Whitish ochraceous, head anteriorly tinged with fulvous. Antennae yellowish, lst joint reddish. Pronotum laterally and basally tinged with reddish brown. Scutellum dark reddish brown. Elytra yellow-brown, concolorous; membrane with veins brownish smoky. Femora tinged with reddish.