

Kyushu, Abura-yama, near Fukuoka, 4 spec., 8. VII. 1956, S. MIYAMOTO.

Closely related to *M. filicis* (L.). The last-named, however, is bigger and broader, the vertex is $3.5 \times$ (σ) or $3.3 \times$ (φ) as broad as the eye, the pronotum is distinctly broader (about twice as broad as long) and the left stylus has the hypophysis distinctly recurved dorsad apically and the sensory lobe is strongly produced and slender, the apex with several hairs. *M. parvulus* (RT.) from Madeira has lighter antennae with only the 4th joint darkened, the elytra distinctly and densely punctate and the hair covering of the upper surface decidedly shorter. *M. americanus* E. WGN. & SLT. from North America has the left stylus provided with a thicker hypophysis and the right stylus considerably longer and more gracile. It is interesting to note that the *Monalocoris* specimens from the continent of Asia seen by me belong to *M. filicis* (specimens examined from Ussuri, Spasskaja, Y. WUORENTAUS). *M. japonensis* thus seems to be endemic to Japan.

Onomaus laetus (UHL.)

Kyushu, Hikosan, 2 spec., 13. X. 1958, S. MIYAMOTO. – Previously regarded as a member of the genus *Dicyphus* FB. (STICHEL op.cit., p. 828). – Endemic.

Halldapus fenestratus n.sp.

Length 2.7 mm. Dull blackish brown. Clypeus and genae light brown; eyes dark red. Antennae light ochraceous, 1st joint basally dark brown, 1st and 2nd joints with some reddish maculae. Elytra dark coffee-brown; clavus with a broad white transverse band just caudad to apex of scutellum, lateral apical angle of corium with a large squarish whitish spot (fig. 4 a), apical angle of cuneus and apex of clavus narrowly whitish; membrane with veins dark smoky. Tarsi, tibiae, base of femora and coxae light greyish ochraceous; under surface and femora dark or blackish brown.

Body gracile and small. Crown convex, $1.17 \times$ as broad as eye. Eyes round. Antennae gracile, proportions between joints $8 + 25 + 21 + ?$, 2nd joint $1.32 \times$ as long as basal width of pronotum, and nearly $1.2 \times$ as long as 3rd. Pronotum $2.1 \times$ as broad as long, strongly tapering anteriorly, lateral margins insinuated, disk relatively flat. Elytra much longer than abdomen. Entire upper surface (save membrane) with long erect yellowish hairs. Legs long and gracile. Rostrum extending to hind coxae.

Kyushu, Fukuoka, 1 σ , 16. IX. 1960, S. MIYAMOTO.

Very similar to *H. costai* (RT.) The last-named is dissimilarly coloured, however, and the hair covering is short and smooth. *H. sibiricus* POPP. is much bigger (5.5 mm.) and dissimilarly coloured.

Pilophorus miyamotoi n.sp.

Length 4.1 mm. Head, pronotum and scutellum blackish brown, relatively shining. 1st antennal joint and basal half of 2nd joint reddish brown, apex of