

3rd joint $0.47 \times$ as long as 2nd. Pronotum (fig. 3 h) $1.59 \times$ as broad basally as head, strongly tapering anteriorly, lateral margins straight, collar dull; disk remarkably coarsely punctate, punctures in the middle elongate and partly coalescent. Scutellum impunctate, upper surface distinctly below the level of pronotum when seen in profile. Elytra finely punctate; puncturing in apical part of corium and in cuneus remarkably fine. Rostrum extending to middle coxae. Hind claws as in *D. scutellaris* (F.)

Honshu, Kiyosato Kai, 1 ♂, 29 – 31. VII. 1957, S. MIYAMOTO.

Closely related to *D. scutellaris* (F.). The last-named, however, has the 2nd antennal joint much longer, $1.6 \times$ (♂) or $1.3 - 1.35 \times$ (♀) as long as breadth of the head, the pronotum much broader and less tapering anteriorly with puncturing in the disk somewhat finer and round, punctures not coalescent, the elytra more coarsely punctate, especially apically, and the rostrum longer, extending beyond the hind coxae. *D. elegantulus* Hv. from Japan has 2rd and 3rd antennal joints white.

D. ventralis Rt.

Siberia, Omsk, some spec., GRANÖ. – Euro-Siberian. Previously recorded only from Germany, Czechoslovakia and Roumania (STICHEL op.cit., p. 799).

Amphicapsus rubrolineatus (MATS.)

Kyushu, Wakasugi-Yama, near Fukuoka, 2 spec., 12, VI. 1960, S. MIYAMOTO. – Endemic.

Stenodema rubrinerve Hv.

Kyushu, Amariyama, Kai, 1 spec., 26. VII. 1956, S. MIYAMOTO. – Endemic.

Monalocoris japonensis n.sp.

Length 2.2 – 2.5 mm. Head dark yellowish brown, clypeus blackish. Antennae pale ochraceous, 1st joint with a dark basal ring, apical third of 2nd joint and 3rd and 4th joints infusate. Basal angles of pronotum and costal margin of elytra lighter; membrane smoky; upper surface otherwise blackish brown. Under surface blackish. Legs pale ochraceous, femora with a dark brown subapical ring.

A small species. Crown shining, $2.67 \times$ (♂) or $3.0 \times$ (♀) as broad as eye. Proportions between antennal joints $7 + 20 + 11 + 8.5$, 2nd joint $1.43 \times$ (♂) or $1.27 \times$ (♀) as long as breadth of head. Pronotum finely and densely punctate, $1.92 \times$ (♂) or $1.76 \times$ (♀) as broad as long. Elytra shining, puncturing very obscure. Hair covering of upper surface yellowish, rather long. Male genitalia: Left stylus (fig. 3 i) with hypophysis long, rather straight and sharp-tipped, sensory lobe conspicuously thick, apex with small teeth. Right stylus (fig. 3 j) short and relatively thick.