

Kyushu, Hikosan, Buzen, 1 ♂ and 1 ♀, T. YOSHIDA.

This is the first species of the genus described from the Palearctic region. Hsiao (1942, p. 269) has recorded a species from China, two damaged specimens having been taken from Szechuan. The new species is easily distinguished by the general habitus and by the colouring. Externally it resembles species of the genus *Phytocoris* FN., but differs in the long erect hair covering of the upper surface. Also the male genitalia are of a different type.

Adelphocoris triannulatus (Stål) (or n.sp.?)

Honshu, Shosen - Kyo, Kai, 1 spec., 22. VII. 1956, S. MIYAMOTO. - East-Asiatic, not previously recorded from Japan. The specimen differs somewhat from typical specimens of *triannulatus*, but since the last-named is very variable, a larger series of specimens should be studied to fix the taxonomy of the Japanese form.

Calocoris insularis Hv.

Kyushu, Fukuoka, 2 spec., VI. 1956, S. MIYAMOTO. - Endemic.

Eurystylus coelestialium (Kk.) (= *E. bioculatus* (Rt.))

Honshu, Shosenkyo - Kurobera, Kai, 1 spec., 22. VII. 1956, S. MIYAMOTO. East-Asiatic.

Stenotus rubrocinctus n. sp.

Length 5-5.5 mm. Shining. Ground colouring yellow-brown. Clypeus blackish; other parts of head reddish with a yellow-brown median stripe and basal margin. Antennae reddish. Eyes dark grey. Pronotum reddish or reddish brown; a median stripe and lateral margins yellow-brown. Scutellum red. Elytra with a red longitudinal band starting from base of clavus and extending to base of inner membranal cell (fig. 3 c), other parts of elytra yellow-brown; membrane light smoky, veins bright sanguineous. Under surface conspicuously marked with fuscous. Femora (save basally) sanguineous, other parts of legs yellow-brown.

Elongate. Vertex moderately convex, $1.67 \times$ as broad as eye. Antennae gracile, proportions between joints $15 + 54 + 28 + ?$ (♂) or $15 + 47 + 25 + 20$ (♀); 2nd joint $1.64 \times$ (♂) or $1.27 \times$ (♀) as long as basal width of pronotum; 3rd joint $0.88 \times$ (♂) or $0.67 \times$ (♀) as long as breadth of pronotum; hair covering short and smooth. Pronotum strongly tapering anteriorly; lateral margins subcarinate, straight or very faintly insinuated; disk flattish, calli somewhat elevated and smooth, other parts of disk densely transversely rugose and punctate. Scutellum and elytra obscurely punctate. Elytra a little longer than abdomen. Hair cover-