

Pleurochilophorus subhyalinus Poppius, 1912

The cotype from Nyassa, Langenburg is a female very similar to species of *Creontiades* Distant. Body vitreous with spots on pronotal angles and two dark fasciae on scutellum becoming darker towards the apex. It is a teneral specimen.

Stenotus affinis Poppius, 1912

The male cotype has first antenna, eyes, calli and pronotal angles black, brilliant. Hemelytra with black fasciae on clavo-scutellar and clavo-corial commissures. Mesosternum with a fasciae broadened towards hind margin, clypeus and apices of tibiae black. The general color is citrine. Abdomen lost.

Stenotus brauni Poppius, 1912

The female holotype from Northeastern Africa has a citrine color, base of clavus, apical spot of corium and apices of hind femora reddish. The species is very near *Stenotus pulcher* Poppius, 1912.

Stenotus capensis Poppius, 1912

The holotype from Cape is practically lost, only the hemelytra remaining. The color is brown, apex of clavus, corial commissure and cuneus pale.

Stenotus elegans Poppius, 1912

The female cotype from Amani is very near if not a synonym of *Stenotus affinis* Poppius. Pronotum and scutellum with brick and yellow areas, underside and legs also brick coloured.

Stenotus fulleborni Poppius, 1912

The holotype from Nyassa Lake is also mutilated. Only the hemelytra remains. It is undoubtedly a synonym of *Stenotus pylaon* Kirkaldy, 1902, since the hemelytra has the same color.

Stenotus lindiensis Poppius, 1912

The male holotype from Lindi is small in size with reddish color, first antenna and membrane infumate.

Stenotus brevior Poppius, 1910

The specimen with this name in Berlin is lost, however the holotype is mentioned by Poppius as being deposited in the Stockholm Museum.

Stenotus pulcher Poppius, 1912

The cotypes in the Berlin Museum have citrine color, eyes and calli dark, sides of pronotum, clavus (except apex) and apical spot of corium reddish.

Stenotus ruber Poppius, 1912

The holotype from Delagoa Bay is a male half lost, since only hemelytra and apex of abdomen remain. The color is reddish, membrane fuscous. Size small.

Trichocapsus rufus Poppius, 1912

Holotype from Delagoa Bay, color luteous tending to brick, cuneus reddish. Second antenna clavate towards apex which is black on incrassate portion with numerous, dense and straight hairs, pronotum punctate, setae of tibiae twice longer than thickness of segment, abdomen absent, hemelytra rugosely punctate, size medium.

Trichocapsus unicolor Poppius, 1912

The cotypes in the Berlin Museum are mutilated, remaining only the hemelytra. It is very near if not identical with *rufus* Poppius with same color and pubescence, slightly larger, with longer hairs.

Volumnus elongatus Poppius, 1912

Types lost.

Volumnus ruficornis Poppius, 1912

Types lost.

SUMMARY

This paper deals with notes taken by the author on the African types of Miridae (Hemiptera) described by Poppius and deposited in the Berlin Museum. A new genus, *Gollneria* n. gen., type species *Megacoelum quadrituberculatum* Poppius, 1912 is being erected.