ANALECTA MIRIDOLOGICA, IV: OBSERVATIONS ON TYPE SPECIMENS IN THE NATIONAL MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY, BUDAPEST, HUNGARY (HEMIPTERA, MIRIDAE)¹

JOSÉ C.M. CARVALHO*

National Museum, Rio de Janeiro

As mentioned in a previous paper (Analecta Miridologica, III) the author had the opportunity, during a recent trip to Ashkhabad, Turcomenistan, to visit some european museums, including the National Museum of Natural History in Budapest where several type specimens of species described by Poppius and Reuter were deposited.

The author hopes that the notes taken will be useful to taxonomists dealing with the family presently or in the future.

A total of 99 species were studied and observations are expressed as follows.

Acanthopeplus bergrothi Poppius, 1912

One female, Peru, Marcapata (typus). Very large and elongate, pronotum strongly punctate, glabrous, humeral angles pointed, raised upwards, scutellum with a prominent lobe at base, hemelytra with very short pubescence, frons striate, disc of pronotum with five longitudinal pale fasciae (the median more slender and reaching the hind margin which is also narrowly ochraceous), scutellum with two basal spots and three longitudinal fasciae pale, corium with a small pale spot at middle.

Araspus corallinus Poppius, 1912

Two females (typus), New Guinea, Biró; one male, Simbang, Huon-Golf. Bluish black metalic, head, pronotum, scutellum, base of hemelytra (up to the apical third of scutellum) reddish, abdomen black, sternal area reddish, clavus punctate internally.

Araspus scutellaris Poppius, 1912

Two males, New Guinea, Biró, 1899; one male (typus), Sattelberg; Huon-Golf, Stephanshort, Astrolabe Bay. Smaller and more lutescent than corallinus Poppius, in the type the pronotum is aspersed with red. This species when studied carefully might be a synonym of the first mentioned.

Aristopeplus imperialis Poppius, 1912

One specimen (typus), New Guinea, Friedrich Wilhelm Hafen, Biró. This species has been redescribed and illustrated recently by the author (Carvalho & Wallerstein, Rev. Brasil. Biol., 37(1): 50, fig. 5, 1977).

Bothriomiris dissimulans (Walker, 1873) Distant, 1904

Mallaca, Perak. Scutellum reddish, side of calli pale, abdomen pale reddish.

¹ Received for publication July 3, 1979.

^{*} Research Fellow of the National Research Council (CNPq).