

Figure 5. Distribution of Kirkaldyella boweri, K. ngarkati, K. notaurantia, K. rugosa and K. schuhi.

Measurements. 5° BL 3.40-4.25, HW 0.98-1.09, IOD 0.5-0.6, HL 0.60-0.75, PL 0.82-0.91, PW 1.10-1.17, AII 1.16-1.36, LL 0.86-1.67; 59 BL 3.72-4.30, HW 1.14-1.17, IOD 0.60-0.66, HL 0.51-0.80, PL 0.82-0.90, PW 1.06-1.16, AII 1.06-1.27, LL 0.96-1.19.

Material examined. – Holotype: TASMANIA: 1°, Mount Barrow, [41.37°S 147.41°E], [740m], 6 February 1994, suction grass, forest edge, L Hill (AM). Paratypes: TASMANIA: 2°, Pelion Hut, 3km S Mt Oakleigh, [41.50°S 146.03°E], 5-10 February, ID Naumann (AM, ANIC); 1°, Mt Barrow, via Launceston [41.37°S 147.41°E], 9-10 February 1967, G Monteith (UQIC); 1° 2Q, same data as holotype (AM). VICTORIA: 1Q, Glenelg River, 4 miles NNE of Nelson, [38.05°S 141.19°E], 25 November 1966, A Neboiss (MV); 1Q, Warburton, [37.75°S 145.70°E], FE Wilson, 4080/721, (QM); 1°, Cobungra [37.10°S 147.43°E], 1 February 1957, A Neboiss (MV).

Host plant. - Unknown.

Etymology. – The specific epithet is based on the Latin 'aduncus' referring to the hook of the apex of the left paramere.

Remarks. – *K. adunca* is restricted to Tasmania and coastal Victoria (Fig. 4). *K. adunca* is recognised in this work as the sister-species of the Western Australian species, *K. argoantyx.* In both species there is an orbicular arrangement of teeth on the medial margin of the right paramere (cf. Fig. 6D and 8D).

Kirkaldyella anasillosi Cassis & Moulds, sp. n.

(Fig. 1B, 2, 7A-F)

Diagnosis. – K. anasillosi is recognised by the following combination of characters: body elongate, parallel-sided; glossy black to fuscous, stramineous triangular markings on exocorium above the costal fracture; calli and foveae absent on pronotum; clavus moderately rugose; anterior half of the hemelytra with dispersed clumps of adpressed, flattened scale-like setae. K. anasillosi is distinguished from K. pilosa by the lack of adpressed, flattened scale-like setae over the entire dorsal surface of K. anasillosi and the presence of a circular