

Material: Nigeria: NE St., Gembu, 1 ex, 21–22.VIII.1973, Mambila, 5 exx, 23.VIII.1973; SE St., Obudu cattle ranch, 1 ex, 16–18.VIII.1973, Linnavuori. Central African Republic: La Maboke, 1 ex, 6–9.VI.1973, Linnavuori. The Sudan: Equatoria, Kateria-Gilo, 2 exx, 18.III.1963, Linnavuori. Eritrea: Keren-Asmara, 1 ex, 23–24.V.1963, Linnavuori. Angola: Quedas Duques de Bragança, 2 exx, J. A. Quartau.

Length 4.5 mm. Green. Head, anterior part of pronotum and base of scutellum whitish yellow. Antennae yellow, 1st joint pale or partially infumed. Apical two-thirds of clavus, medioapical area and lateroapical angle of cuneus verdigris green; membrane hyaline, veins bright green, inner cell with greenish spot. Under surface and legs yellowish.

Body slender. Hair covering pale and erect. Head about $0.7 \times$ as broad as basal width of pronotum, $1.7 \times$ as broad as long, seen from above nearly truncate apically, basal margin of vertex distinctly keeled medially; ocular index 1.27–1.57 (σ), 1.9–2.1 (\varnothing). Proportions between antennal joints 30:100:55:54 (σ), 27:82:50:47 (\varnothing), 1st joint 0.63 – $0.66 \times$ as long as diatone, 2nd 1.42 – 1.53 (σ) or 1.32 (\varnothing) \times as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum nearly twice as broad as long in middle, trapezoidal, disk flattish, calli small.

Male genitalia in Figs. 48i–k, 50b–d. Right style with two tooth-like tubercles on inner surface.

Biology: Arboreal. I have collected it on *Hagenia abyssinica* and *Rhus abyssinica*.

Distribution: Widespread in tropical Africa.

Hyalosomella nigricornis sp. n.

Fig. 50

Material: Ivory Coast: Mt. Tonkoui, \varnothing holotype, 19–22.X.1973, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori.

Length 4 mm. Shiny. Uniformly pale yellowish green. Eyes pale brownish gray. 1st and 2nd antennal joints blackish, extreme base and tip of 1st joint and extreme base of 2nd whitish, 3rd joint yellowish (4th missing). Membrane of elytra pale brownish. Under surface and legs pale yellowish.

Of the general shape of the genus. Hair covering pale, erect, longish. Head $0.63 \times$ as broad

as basal width of pronotum, vertex convex, basal margin distinctly keeled; eyes small, ocular index 2.0. Antennae long and gracile, proportions between joints 30:101:57:?, 1st joint $0.79 \times$ as long as diatone, 2nd $1.68 \times$ as long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum $1.82 \times$ as broad as long in middle, trapezoidal, lateral margins strongly diverging caudad, disk flat, horizontal, anterior part with faint median keel.

Biology: Swept from trees in a mountain rain forest.

Hyalosomella nigrolineata (Schuh) comb. n.

Fig. 50

Zanchius nigrolineatus Schuh 1974:64–66.

Types studied: South Africa, Kruger Nat. Park 3 mi E Skukuza Camp, 2 paratypes ($\sigma\varnothing$), 25.IV.1968, Schuh, J. & S. Slater, M. Sweet, in the American Museum of Natural History, New York.

The original description not repeated.

Male genitalia in Fig. 50e–k.

Distribution: South Africa.

Genus *Lasiomimus* Poppius (of uncertain tribal position)

Lasiomimus Poppius 1914:63–64. Type species: *L. coleoptratus* Poppius.

Diagnosis: \varnothing Shiny black. Strongly ant-mimetic. Head elongate. Pronotum narrow, cylindrical, strongly constricted in middle. Elytra a little shorter than abdomen, coriaceous, strongly broadening caudad. Antennae and legs gracile. σ unknown.

Description: \varnothing . Strongly ant-mimetic. Shiny black. Body small, in anterior part narrow, parallel-sided, strongly widened posteriorly, broadest at apical third of elytra. Hair covering long, erect and pale; base of elytra with transverse patch of adpressed scale-like silvery hairs. Head impunctate, broader than basal width of pronotum, in apical view a little higher than broad with lower part elongately triangular in outline, in lateral view distinctly higher than long; vertex slightly convex, basal margin carinate; frons