## Cyrtorhinus dimorphus sp. n.

Figs. 33, 35

Material: Ethiopia: Sululta, ♂ holotype, many paratypes, 11.VI.1963; Omo Valley, 2 paratypes, 12.VI.1963, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori.

Length: Macropterous  $\circlearrowleft$  4.0–4.75 mm, brachypterous  $\circlearrowleft$  3.25 mm. Verdigris-colored or yellowish green. Head, anterior part of pronotum and base  $(\circlearrowleft)$  or entire  $(\circlearrowleft)$  scutellum yellow. Head in  $\circlearrowleft$  with slight suffusions above antennal pits; eyes reddish brown. Antennae in  $\circlearrowleft$  black with extreme base and tip of 1st joint and the very base of 2nd joint whitish, in  $\circlearrowleft$  yellow with joints 3 and 4 embrowned. Membrane of elytra  $(\circlearrowleft)$  smoky with veins green, membrane rudiments in  $\circlearrowleft$  whitish. Dorsum of abdomen and under surface of body yellow, sides of prothorax with slight suffusion in anterior margin. Legs green or yellow, 3rd tarsomeres darkened.

O: Body long and gracile, parallel-sided, 4 × as long as basal width of pronotum. Upper surface with conspicuous black hair covering. Head  $0.75-0.79 \times \text{as long as basal width of}$ pronotum, base of vertex bluntly keeled; ocular index 1.92-2.0. Proportions between antennal joints 30:80:60:30, 2nd joint  $1.17-1.30 \times as long$ as basal width of pronotum,  $1.25-1.33 \times$  as long as 3rd. Pronotum  $2.03-2.18 \times$  as broad as long in middle, lateral margins nearly straight, calli elevated. Elytra extending far beyond tip of abdomen, cuneus twice as long as broad basally. Q: Body pear-shaped, about 3 × as long as broad at base of pronotum. Hair covering blackish. Head large,  $0.82-0.83 \times$  as broad as basal width of pronotum, ocular index 2.17-2.57. Proportions between antennal joints 19:45:38:30, 2nd joint  $0.78-0.94 \times \text{as}$  long as basal width of pronotum, 1.18-1.45 × as long as 3rd. Pronotum  $2.1-2.22 \times as$  broad as long in middle, lateral margins slightly insinuated, calli largish. Elytra shorter than abdomen, cuneus short, membrane rudiments narrow.

Male genitalia in Fig. 33t-x. Hypophysis of left style digitate, scaly. Spiculum with large triangular, marginally finely dentate subapical lobe, apical part slender and long, tip expanded.

Biology: On *Euphorbia* sp. in a moist meadow on a high plateau.

## Cyrtorhinus melanops Reuter

Figs. 34, 40

Cyrtorhinus melanops Reuter 1905:6.

Cyrtorhinus melanops Carvalho & Southwood 1955:40–41. Schuh 1974:38–40.

Material: Ethiopia: Hawash River, W of Mount Zaquala, 6000 ft, 1♂, 28.XI.1926, J.Omer-Cooper, in the British Museum.

The redescriptions in Carvalho & Southwood and Schuh are not repeated.

Measurements ( $\circlearrowleft$ ): Ocular index 1.31. Proportions between antennal joints 25:75:?, 2nd joint  $1.32 \times \text{as}$  long as basal width of pronotum.

Male genitalia in Fig. 34a-c. Spiculum gracile, apex long and slender and provided with small subapical tooth, triangular subapical expansion edentate.

Distribution: Known from South Africa and Ethiopia.

## Genus Mecomma Fieber

Mecomma Fieber 1858:313. Type species: Capsus ambulans Fallén.

Sphyracephalus Douglas & Scott 1865:348. Type species: Capsus ambulans Fallén (Reuter 1883:383).

Sphyrops Douglas & Scott 1866:16 (nom. nov. for Sphyracephalus Douglas & Scott 1865). Type species: Capsus ambulans Fallén (Reuter 1883:383).

Antiphilus Distant 1909b:521. Type species: A. amicus Distant (Carvalho 1952:78).

Aristobulus Distant 1910:16. Type species: A. filius Distant (Carvalho 1952:78).

Diagnosis: Color black, elytra in macropterous specimens with yellow-brown pattern. Dimorphic: ♂ macropterous, ♀ nearly always brachypterous. Head large, eyes distinctly separate from anterolateral corners of pronotum. Pronotum in ♂ campanuliform, in ♀ narrow, collar-like. Cuneus in macropterous specimens long, about twice as long as wide. Aedeagus with two sclerified appendages.

Description: Color black. Elytra in  $\circlearrowleft$ , sometimes also in  $\circlearrowleft$ , with yellow-brown pattern. Dimorphic.  $\circlearrowleft$  macropterous with parallel-sided gracile body,  $\circlearrowleft$  nearly always brachypterous with pear-shaped body. Hair covering on upper surface long, brownish. Head large, short and broad, frons strongly sloping ventrad, face therefore vertical;