



Fig. 7. *Coridromius schuhi* sp. n.: a) head and pronotum, dorsal view; b) head in apical view; c) head and prothorax, lateral view; d) antenna; e) hind femur and tibia; f) claw. — *C. variegatus* (Montrouzier) (ex from New Zealand): g) hind tarsus; h) claw; i) right style; j) left style; k) aedeagus.

***Coridromius variegatus* (Montrouzier)**

Figs. 6, 7

Ocytus variegatus Montrouzier 1861:67.
Coridromius variegatus Signoret 1862:5.
Coridromius variegatus Poppius 1911:15, Carvalho 1987:67–69.

Material: New Zealand: N. Auckland, Day’s Bay, 1♂ and 2♀♀, 1.II.1951, T.E.Woodward, in the British Museum.

The description in Carvalho 1987 is not repeated here.

Biology: The specimens studied were found on *Lepidium oleraceum*. Carvalho records it from *Chenopodium* and *Salicornia chenopodium*.

Genus *Jiggiga* Linnavuori

Jiggiga Linnavuori 1975:55–56. Type species: *J. nigra* Linnavuori.

Diagnosis: Recognized by the black and robust, somewhat Halticini-like body. Head in lateral view distinctly higher than long. Rostrum short, 1st joint incrassate. Male genitalia: pygofer without appendages. Right style small, left style large, circularly curved. Aedeagus with sclerified vesical appendages.

Description: Color shiny black with bluish tinge. Extremities also black. Body robust. Hair covering longish, black. Head short and broad, strongly declivous right from base, in apical view about 1.4 × as broad as high with lower part broadly triangular in outline, in lateral view distinctly higher than long, frons strongly declining ventrad, merging without notch into the base of the prominent tylus; lora moderately swollen; basal margin of vertex sharply upturned, with a transverse depression in front of it; eyes relatively small, touching anterolateral angles of pronotum. Antennae arising near lower angles of eyes, rather thin, 2nd joint shorter than basal