

Biology: In salt marshes on halophytes such as *Arthocnemum glaucum*, *Salicornia herbacea* and *Seidlitzia rosmarina*.

Distribution: Iranian, extending from Iraq and the adjacent parts of Saudi Arabia to Iran.

Psallopsis similis Wagner, 1958

Material: Iraq: Ana-Al Qaim, 1 ex, 5.V.1980; Baghdad, 1 ex, V–VI.1980; Al Hadr, 3 exx, 6–7.V.1981; Rawah-Al Hadr, 1 ex, 6.V.1981; Safwan, 6 exx, 30.III.1981; Sawa lake, 3 exx, 21.X.1979; Tharthar lake, 2 exx, 31.X.1979, Linnavuori. Syria: Deir es Zor, 1 ex, 11.VIII.1979, Linnavuori. Israel: 'Ein Avdat, 2 exx, 10.VIII.1986, Linnavuori.

Biology: In semideserts. At Tharthar lake found on *Calligonum comosum*.

Distribution: Eremian, extending from Palestine to Iran.

Glaucopterum lycii Puchkov, 1975

Claucopterum lycii Puchkov 1975:1040–1041.
Claucopterum lycii Linnavuori 1984: 43 (Kerzhner 1984: 46–47).

Types: Abu Ghar-Busaya, ♀ holotype and 2 ♀ paratypes of *G. lycii* Linnavuori, 1.IV.1981, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori (AMNH).

Material: Turkestan: Turkmenskaya SSR, Kazandžikskii r.pos, Ahča-Kuima, 1 ♂ and 2 ♀♀ of *G. lycii* Puchkov, 7.V.1974, Puchkov, in coll. Linnavuori (AMNH).

G. lycii Linnavuori, a homonym of *G. lycii* Puchkov, was synonymized with the latter species by Kerzhner (1984:46–47). The examined females of *G. lycii* Puchkov differs from Iraqi specimens in larger eyes, ocular index 2.23–2.38 (in Iraqi specimens 2.50–2.53). Moreover, the 2nd antennal segment is somewhat shorter, 1.25–1.40 × as long as diatone, 0.84–0.90 × as long as the basal width of the pronotum (in Iraqi specimens 1.44–1.50 × and 0.87–0.97 × respectively). Unfortunately no males are known from Iraq for confirming the synonymy.

Biology: On *Lycium barbarum*.

Distribution: Apparently Irano-Turanian.

Glaucopterum adspersum (Schmidt, 1939)

Psallus adspersus Schmidt 1939:382.

Composidolon (Chamaeliops) adspersum Wagner 1975a: 148–149.

Material: Safwan, 1 ex, 30.III.1981, Linnavuori.

Biology: On *Zygophyllum coccineum* in sandy habitats.

Distribution: Eremian, extending from the Spanish Sahara and Tunisia to Iraq.

Conostethus roseus (Fallén, 1829)

Material: Several exx from Ash Sharqat, 7.IV.1980; Darbandikhan, 13.V.1980; Jebel Sinjar, 8.V.1981; Sinoni, 8–9.V.1981, Linnavuori.

Biology: Among grasses and other plants in hilly steppes of northern Iraq.

Distribution: Euro-Siberian.

Conostethus venustus (Fieber, 1859)

Material: Many exx from Aqra, 12.V.1981; Brozah, 17.V.1981; Darbandikhan, 13.V.1980; Al Hadr, 6–7.V.1981; Khorsabad, 11.V.1981; As Salman-Shabakah, 4.IV.1981; Ash Sharqat, 7.IV.1980, Linnavuori.

Biology: In steppes.

Distribution: Holomediterranean.

Monocris longicornis Linnavuori, 1988

Types: Nasiriyah-Abu Ghar, ♂ holotype, numerous paratypes, 15.V.1980, Linnavuori, in coll. Linnavuori (AMNH).

Biology: On an unidentified halophyte in a salt marsh.

Distribution: Endemic.

Malthacosoma punctipennis Reuter, 1879

Malthacosoma halimocnemis (Becker, 1864) in Wagner 1975a:385–386, misidentification (*Capsus halimocnemis* Becker 1864:485 is a synonym of *Solenoxypus fuscovenosus* Fieber, 1864, in Kerzhner & Jaczewski 1964:752).

Material: Many exx from Amara, 18.VIII.1968, M. Kareem; Ana-Al Qaim, 5.V.1980; Baghdad, IV–VII.1980; Al Hadr, 6.V.1981; Haditha-Tikrit, 6.V.1980; Najaf-Shabakah, 23.VI.1981; Rawah-Al Hadr, 6.V.1981; Safwan, 30.III.1981, Linnavuori.

Colouring variable: Upper surface usually with fine or large dark dots, sometimes immaculate.

Biology: In steppes with grasses, Compositae and Astragalus. Between Haditha and Tikrit found on *Halocharis sulphurea*.

Distribution: Irano-Turanian, extending to Israel and Egypt.