and has a large black apical spot on the hind femur. C. indigena Ldb. from the Cape Verde Islands also lacks the apical spot on the hind femur, but is much bigger and the 1st antennal joint is black.

Paramixia Rt.

P. suturalis Rt. – Palestine (Bodenheimer op.cit.); Hadera, 2 spec., 1. VII. 1958,l; Miqve Israel, 12 spec., 25. VII. 1958,l; Nabi Rubin, 3 spec., 4. VII. 1958,l; Rehovot, 2 spec., 28. VII. 1958,l; Tanninim, 5 spec., 26. VII. 1958,l; Tel-Aviv, 2 spec., 24. VI. 1958,l; Wadi Rubin, 1 spec., 16. VII. 1958,l; Wadi Sukreir, 1 spec., 27. VI. 1958,l. – On Cyperaceae in wet places. – Eremian. Recorded from the Cape Verde Islands, Egypt and Israel.

Auchenocrepis Fb.

A. alboscutellata Pt. - Beer-Mashash, 1 spec., 23. VI. 1958,!; Deganya, 3 spec., 23. VII. 1958,!; Yein Gedi, 2 spec., 19. VI. 1958,!; Herzliya, 1 spec., 26. VII. 1958,!; Hula, 7 spec., 10. VII. 1958,!; Nabi Rubin, 1 spec., 1. V. 1958, Michaeli (!); Palestine, 2 spec., Bodenheimer (!); Tel-Aviv, 1 spec., 26. VIII. 1958,!; Tiberias, 3 spec., 21. VII. 1958,!; Wadi Beersheba, 1 spec., 1. VIII. 1958,!; Yotvata, 5 spec., 22. VI. 1958.!. — On Tamarix. — Eremian. Not previously recorded from Israel.

Tragiscocoris Fb.

T. fieberi (Fb.) - Palestine (Bodenheimer op.cit.). - Holomediterranean.

Maurodactylus Rt.

M. albidus (Klt.) - Palestine (Bodenheimer op.cit.). - Holomediterranean.

Tuponia Rt.

Tuponia specimens were collected in great numbers on Tamarix during my trip. Since the species of the genus are often rather difficult to determine and show considerable variability and splitting into geographical subspecies, I have studied a number of types of lesser known species in coll. Reuter and give a description of their main genital characters below.

(T. tincta Jak.)

The species closely resembles T. tamaricicola Ldb., but is somewhat smaller, the cuneus is unicoloured whitish and the vesica (fig. 10 g) shorter and straighter (strongly S-shaped curved in T. tamaricicola), the apex being blunter and minutely serrate, bearing a claw-like subapical process on the left side. From T. elegans (Jak.) and T. lethierryi Rt. it differs in the light tibial spines.

Material studied: Transcaspia, 1 spec., Ahnger; Iran, Bampur-Kaskinjuv, 1 spec., 31. VII. 1898, Zarudnyi and Iran, Bendun, Neizar, Sjeistan, 1 spec., 28. IX. 1898, Zarudnyi. Previously known from Turkestan. The specimens were determined as *T. elegans* in coll. Reuter.

T. tamaricicola Ldb.

The species has been described and illustrated by Lindberg (1938, p. 20). Some remarks on the male genitalia: Theca (fig. 10 i, j) unusually short and broadly triangular in dorsal aspect.