

Fig. 4. Orthotylus hodiernus n.sp.: a penis. - O. divisus n.sp.: b left stylus, median aspect; cright stylus, median aspect; h penis. - O. minutus Jak. (type): d right stylus, lateral aspect; e same, median aspect; f left stylus, median aspect; g same from above. - O. pusillus Rt.: i left stylus, median aspect. - Orig.
O. virescens (Dgl. Sc.) - Rehovot, 1 spec., 1. IV. 1958, Swirski (!). - Holomediterranean, also extending into Central Europe. Not previously recorded from Israel but known from Cyprus and Turkey.
O. spartiicola Rt. - Palestine (Bodenheimer op.cit.); Haifa, some spec., J. Sahlberg (!). Endemic.
O. divisus n.sp.

Length 3.5 mm . A pale species. General colouring pale whitish yellow. Vertex sometimes with a small orangish spot near either eye basally. Pronotum shining, sometimes with slight orangish shadows. Elytra faintly tinged with dirty greenish, densely marked with small, round darker spots, each spot bearing a longer erect, brownish hair. Membrane faintly smoky, veins bright green. Antennae whitish yellow. Legs yellowish white, femora with a few dark apical spots; tibiae with small brown spots, each bearing a spine. Under surface whitish yellow.

Body elongately oval, ot $2.5 \times$, 아 $2.2 \times$ as long as broad. Head broader than anterior width of pronotum; vertex rather flat, $1.8 \times\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ or $2.3 \times($ (ㅇ) as broad as eye, basal margin slightly ridged. Antennae with rather short whitish bristles; proportions between the joints $9+27+$ $20+12$ ( 1 unit $=0.038 \mathrm{~mm}$.$) , 2$ nd joint about $1.35 \times$ as long as width of head. Pronotum short, and broad, $2.1 \times\left(\delta^{\circ}\right)$ or $2.7 \times(\%)$ as broad as long, lateral margins straight. Head, pronotum and scutellum densely covered with long, whitish or yellowish hairs. Elytra with double hair covering: 1) with groups of dense, short and rather smooth silvery hairs and 2) with dense, long and erect light brownish hairs. Rostrum extending beyond hind coxae. Hind tibia $4.0 \times$ as long as tarsus. Male genitalia: Right stylus (fig. $3 \mathrm{i}, 4 \mathrm{c}$ ) stout, with two conspicuous apical teeth. Left stylus (fig. 4 b) nearly rectangular, hypophysis nearly horizontal and slender in

