tion which is rather similar to that found in many species of *Platytylellus*. Hemelytra black, transversely white across clavus, corium, and embolium between tip of scutellum and tip of clavus; basal two-fifths of cuneus opaque white. Membrane fuscous, larger areoles and discal area between and extending distad to slightly beyond a line connecting tips of cunei, milky white. Ostiolar peritreme and posterior margin of third abdominal segment, white.

9. Length 3.4 mm.; wingless, ant-like. Uniformly black, covered with a fine granular white residue as in the male. Head: width .74 mm., vertex .60 mm.; length .99 mm., rather thick. Pronotum: length .58 mm., greatest width (.62 mm.) across coxal clefts which are visible from above; strongly and evenly convex but more cylindrical than globose. Without vestige of wings; tergite of first abdominal segment strongly arched, pale; posterior margin of second tergite and the posterior half of the sternite of third segment, pale. Abdomen behind the third segment strongly globose, sparsely clothed with pale pubescence.

Holotype: & May 21, 1909, West Wats, UTAH (E. D. Ball); author's collection. *Allotype*: same date as the type. *Paratypes*: 3 &, taken with the types. The writer is indebted to Dr. Ball for this species which was received unmounted in a pill box with a few other specimens.

## Sericophanes albomaculatus n. sp.

Allied to *triangularis* Kngt., and having very similar white markings, but differs in the more convex scutellum and in the shorter second antennal segment which is not equal to basal width of pronotum; also differs in the dark brown color and blackish membrane.

8. Length 3.6 mm., width 1.09 mm. Head: width .69 mm, vertex .32 mm. Rostrum, length 1.64 mm., reaching upon fourth ventral segment, dark fuscous brown. Antennal segment I, length .216 mm., pale brownish; II, .92 mm., brown to fuscous; III, .65 mm., dark fuscous; IV, .56 mm., blackish. Pronotum: length .64 mm., width at base 1.05 mm.; disk dark chestnut brown, shining, calli, collar, and anterior half of propleura, reddish brown. Scutellum conically produced, distinctly higher than in *triangularis;* mesoscutum declivent, sloping sharply downward to the grooved line separating the scutellum. Hemelytra dusky brown, fuscous bordering the white