length of segment I 0.34-0.35, segment II 1.19-1.26; labium surpassing apices of metacoxae, sometimes reaching sixth sternite. Pronotum: Posterior width 1.16-1.20: vellow or vellow green anteriad of posterior depression of calli, disk mottled green and vellow or sometimes entirely vellow green with margin of disk faint green; mesoscutum orange yellow; scutellum yellow with faint orange cast; area adjoining mesoscutum mostly orange. Hemelytra: Mottled green and yellow, or sometimes mostly mottled vellow: cuneus and embolium vellow; membrane very lightly suffused with fuscous, more so peripherally, sometimes with small testaceous band near apex of inner cell; veins testaceous. Legs: Yellow: tarsi and apices of tibiae brownish yellow; femora with short, reclining, yellow simple setae. Genitalia: RP long, flattened, parallelsided, distal portion tapered and weakly serrate marginally, with apex pointed and directed to left: LP long, thick, with several large serrations basally, tapered and narrow distally, apex pointed; LVP cylindrical and simple. Left paramere: DLL palmate with four spines; LAL somewhat flattened, sinuate with pointed apex. Right paramere: MIL simple; DLR with several small spines distally; BLR deeply bifurcate, with long simple basalmost spine, distalmost spine short with bifid apex. Vesica: DS serrate, shorter than RVS: RVS wide and flattened. with strongly serrate margin, apex truncate and serrate; LVS long, broad recurved distal third, medially tapering to narrow apex.

Female. Length 3.81–4.25; width across eyes 0.76–0.80, width of vertex 0.38–0.40; length of antennal segment I 0.35–0.40, seg-

ment II 1.37-1.55; posterior width of pronotum 1.27-1.31.

Etymology. – Named for Joseph C. Schaffner, who graciously provided all specimens for this study.

Distribution.-Figure 24.

Holotype &.-MEXICO: Michoacan. 30 mi S of Nueva Italia, August 8, 1978, Plitt, Schaffner.

Paratypes. – *MEXICO: Michoacan.* 5 δ , 12 \Im same data as holotype.

Additional specimens. – MEXICO. Michoacan. 20 ε , 30 \circ 28.5 mi S of Nueva Italia, July 9, 1985, Jones, Schaffner, ex Mimosa rhododactyla B. L. Robinson (Fabaceae).

Oaxacacoris pueblensis, New Species Figs. 17–24

Diagnosis. – Readily distinguished from *cygnus* and *schaffneri* by the following characteristics of the male genitalia: left tergal process bulbous with numerous, tiny serrations (Figs. 17, 18); lateral lobe of left paramere notched apically (Fig. 20); basal lobe of right paramere solitary, with large secondary spines (Figs. 21, 22); and dorsal spicula of vesica small and nonserrate (Fig. 23). The scale-like setae of the dorsal vestiture are silvery to golden brown, never dark brown or black as in *cygnus* and sometimes *schaffneri*. Further distinguished from *schaffneri* by the shorter labium.

Description.-Male. Length 3.43; mottled green and yellow general coloration; dorsal vestiture with recumbent, long, narrow, golden scale-like setae and long, suberect, golden to nearly black simple setae; metacuneus, clavus and corium bordering

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^{5,} Posterior view (DLL, dorsal lobe; LAL, lateral lobe). 6, Lateral view (DLL, LAL; as in Fig. 5). 7, 8, Right paramere. 7, Dorsal view (BLR, basal lobe; DLR, dorsal lobe; MIL, medial interior lobe). 8, Inside lateral view (BLR, DLR, MIL; as in Fig. 7). 9, Spiculae of vesica (DS, dorsal; LVS, left ventral; RVS, right ventral). 10–16, *Oaxacacoris schaffneri*. 10, 11, Tergal processes of genital capsule. 10, Dorsal view. 11, Posterior view. 12, 13, Left paramere. 12, Posterior view. 13, Lateral view. 14, 15, Right paramere. 14, Dorsal view. 15, Inside lateral view. 16, Spiculae of vesica.