Color light testaceous-brown, sparsely irrorate with irregular sanguineous blotches, these becoming fuscous dots on the pronotum; head and anterior area of pronotum yellowish, obscurely irrorate with red; region of callosities more or less infuscated; membrane quite deeply infuscated, veins dotted with red, the areoles and adjacent spots at apex of cuneus paler; vestiture consisting of black scale-like hairs and longer pale hairs along costa, on sides of pronotum and on vertex; antennæ paler toward base; segment I with a brown dot near base beneath; pectoral pieces and coxæ without irrorations; venter irrorate with red; femora irrorate with brown, the posterior more closely so; tibiæ with large brown dots; tarsal claws black.

Described from two male and three female examples taken on Baccharis. The large eyes, elongate narrower form and long hind legs would ally this species with Argyrocoris but it is certainly a Parthenicus. The larger size, darker color, black scale-like vestiture, dotted hind femora and red dotting on elytra and veins of membrane will distinguish this species from baccharidis Knight.

Type: Male, No. 1763, and allotype, female, No. 1764, Mus. Calif. Acad. Sci., collected by E. P. Van Duzee, September 9, 1917, at Berkeley, California. Paratypes, same data.

## 14. Parthenicus sabulosus Van Duzee, new species

Related to *soror* but allied to *candidus* by the spotted membrane; soiled white irrorate with croceous or brown; membrane coarsely, conspicuously dotted. Length 3.5 mm.

Male: Head broader than in *soror* with smaller eyes; pronotum broader anteriorly; elytral costa feebly arcuated. Rostrum reaching well on to the base of the venter. Claspers larger than in *soror*, the dextral forming more than a half circle, its apex elbowed at the median line of the genital segment with its incurved tip slender and very acute.

Color whitish tinged with yellow on the head; pronotum and elytra sparsely and sometimes obscurely dotted with croceous or pale sanguineous, these dots becoming brownish at times; region of callosities and base of scutellum more or less infuscated; membrane white, coarsely and sparsely dotted with fuscous, with two marginal clouds beyond apex of cuneus; beneath sparsely dotted with sanguineous with a lateral fuscous vitta on venter; antennæ slightly darker at apex; segment I with a faint subapical annulus; femora minutely dotted with fuscous beyond the middle, the posterior more heavily so, forming a fuscous cloud there