- Head oblique, produced before eyes for about length of eye13

- Smaller and more slender species, with the body linear; tylus compressed and semicircularly prominent, occupying about half the length of head beyond apex of eyes14. Argyrocoris Van D.

TRIBE PHYLINI Douglas and Scott

Prosternal xyphus depressed on its disk, its margin more or less elevated; arolia rather long and flattened, usually united with the claws Division 1. Oncotylaria Reut. Prosternal xyphus convex, immarginate; arolia short and united with the claws or wanting.......Division 2. Phylaria D. and S.

DIVISION 1. ONCOTYLARIA Reut.

Tarsal claws short and strongly incurved; arolia free, laminate, as long
as the claws; clypeus prominent, viewed from the side strongly
curved1. Macrotylus Fieb.
Tarsal claws longer, nearly straight, or somewhat curved toward their
apex 1
1. Head long, rostrate-produced, when viewed from the side projecting
before the eye for about twice the length of the eye; prosternal xyphus
sometimes moderately convex, but a distinct marginal carina can
be seen when vestiture is removed; body broad, ovate, much nar-
rowed before; surface clothed with a fine whitish vestiture inter-
mixed with stiff black hairs
- Head not produced before the eye for more than length of the eye;
body oblong or elongated, clothed with a minute or uniform vesti-
ture 2

- 2. Clypeus prominent, its base but poorly distinguished from the front, placed much above the line of antennae; basal lobe of scutellum much exposed; arolia long, exceeding apex of claws, with which they are united for their whole length...........3. Onychumenus Reut.

DIVISION 2. PHYLARIA Douglas and Scott

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