

elytra and the pronotal margins black. Length 4mm. to tip of the membrane.

Head vertical; base of the vertex depressed, the basal carina prominent. Pronotum a little narrower than in *lateralis*, the humeral angles more prominent; surface sloping, scarcely convex, nearly smooth. Basal lobe of the scutellum well exposed. Elytra nearly parallel; the apex of the abdomen nearly attaining the tip of the cuneus.

Color light salmon-yellow. Tip of the head with a polished black spot covering the apex of the front, inner cheeks and base of the clypeus. Margins of the pronotum rather broadly black both above and below, the black being continued around the humeral angles for a little way. Apical lobe of the scutellum infuscated. Elytra salmon-yellow; a straight commissural vitta covering about one-third of their width and a subcostal line reaching nearly to the apex, black; cuneus pale, its extreme tip touched with fuscous. Beneath pale with a broad black vitta along each side, meeting on the genital segment. Legs pale, the hind tibiæ infuscated or black; tarsi black at apex.

Redescribed from two female examples, one from Kingston, R. I., taken in August, the other taken by me at Hamburg, N. Y., July 10, 1898. The salmon color with the black median vitta and pronotal margins and the submarginal black line on the costa will readily distinguish this pretty species.

32. *Orthotylus candidatus*, new species.

Aspect of *formosus*, but smaller, more nearly allied to *submarginatus*. Almost white, a little tinged with yellow or fulvous; median line of the head and scutellum and the sides of the pronotum narrowly black. Length 5mm.

Head as in *formosus*, more oblique than in most of our species. Vertex considerably depressed, the basal carina prominent and conspicuous. Front polished, but little convex. Clypeus almost tumidly prominent, highly polished. Eyes large, viewed from the side oval and reaching nearly to the gula. Rostrum scarcely attaining the base of the intermediate coxæ. Pronotum as in *submarginatus*, the callosities large, little elevated, their inner margins parallel and closely approximated,