

*Cimatlan* Dist. I would also add that it seems to me necessary to separate *Camptobrochis*, *Deræocoris*, and their allies, in a distinct division, *Deræocoraria*, of the tribe Capsini. This division may be distinguished by having the arolia short and united with the base of the claws or at times nearly or quite wanting, and usually there are two approximate, straight, parallel setæ between the bases of the claws which might be mistaken for arolia. I am unable to find that Reuter has mentioned the form of the arolia in any of these genera but on the contrary has seemed to consider the free divergent arolia as characteristic of the Capsini. The species in this division have a polished, usually convex body, strongly punctured above, with a small head and a decided tendency to an uniareolate membrane and convex and ecarinate xyphus, thus leading to the Bryocorinæ with which they are almost certainly related.

*Diplozona collaris* n. sp.

Aspect of *Camptobrochis nebulosus* Uhl. Testaceous varied with piceous-brown. Length 4 mm.

Vertex nearly quadrate; pale with a broad median fuscous cloud including a short pale line above the base of the clypeus; eyes black. Basal joint of the antennæ piceous; second pale with the clavate apex rufous and the extreme base fuscous; third and fourth piceous. Pronotum largely fuscous, the posterior submargin and humeral angles pale, the carinate edges whitish; three pale spots on the disk, more or less confluent, and a transverse anterior band covering the callosities pale tinged with fulvous. Exterior angles of the scutellum and a short median line posteriorly pale. Clavus and disk of the corium posteriorly infuscated; embolium hyaline and impunctate, with a rufous spot at its apex; apex of the cuneus fuscous; punctures of the whole upper surface fuscous. Membrane with a faint longitudinal cloud on either side toward the apex, the nervures heavy and piceous. Beneath pale, the propleuræ and sides of the venter dark or piceous; the tibiæ broadly biannulate with fuscous, at least on the hind pair.

Described from one pair taken at Punta Gorda, Fla., November 13, 1911, and received from Mr. H. G. Barber, and two females taken by me at Estero, Fla., in May, 1908.