seems the most nearly allied. Its figure, however, appears broader, the general color is a dark cinnamon fulvous, more or less piceous upon the disk of the pronotum.

Head rufo-fulvous, the face obsoletely transversely wrinkled, having a few impressed points scattered over the surface; base of vertex with a slightly raised deltoid spot; eyes projecting a little wider than the front of the pronotum, but decidedly most prominent in the male; antennæ slender, of medium length, rufo-fulvous; with the apical one-third of second joint fuscous, that joint graduated a little thicker towards the tip, and about as long as the pronotum and eye united; third and fourth joints together shorter than the second, dusky, white at base, the third a little longer than the fourth; rostrum rufous, reaching to the middle coxæ. Pronotum trapezoidal, moderately convex, wide, the lateral margins diagonal, slightly sinuated, but a little more sinuated in the male. Legs, pectus, and basal half of venter pale rufo-fulvous, the apical half of the latter piceous; coxee more or less white. Scutellum dusky, moderately tumid, a little scabrous, fulvous at tip. Corium and clavus cinnamon fulvous, sometimes darker, the former with a very slender silvery band beyond the base, a second similar, dislocated one behind the middle and a silvery dot at the inner angle of the cuneus; the cuneus and a polished spot near the apex of corium pale piceous; the membrane dusky.

Length to tip of membrane 3-3½ mm.; to end of abdomen 2½ mm. Width of base of pronotum 1 mm.

This form appears more flat above than is common to the species in this division of the genus.

Several specimens were kindly sent to me by the late B. D. Walsh, who collected them in the neighborhood of Rock Island, Ill.

Pamillia, new genus.

Form of *Pilophorus*, but more close set and with a thicker abdomen. Head deeper and more convex, face narrower and more nearly vertical; occiput with a carina between the eyes; antennæ exceptionally thick, of nearly equal thickness throughout, the second joint as long as the eye and pronotum united, third and fourth together about as long as the second, and both contracted at base, the fourth shortest, conical at tip. Pronotum trapeziform, about as wide as long, very convex, deeply sinuated each side, which causes the posterior angles to prominently project laterally. Hemelytra much widened behind the middle as far as the tip, the outer margin of corium broadly curved, widely reflexed; the cuneus wide and short, acute at tip, feebly incised at base. Legs stout, the hind pair long, and all the tarsi slender.

P. Behrensii, new sp.

Chestnut brown, moderately polished, more robust and wider posteriorly than the average species of *Pilophorus*. The pronotum also proportionately wider, with the lateral margins oblique, concave, and the disk more generally convex. Head convex, shorter, and less compressed than in *Pilophorus*, polished, very minutely scabrous, transversely obsoletely wrinkled, depressed across the base, the middle line