than in sericatus. Rostrum, length 1.2 mm., just attaining hind margin of sternum, green, last two segments black. Antennae: segment I, length .44 mm ., fuscous to black, green at base; II, I. 66 mm. , black, distinctly more slender than in sericatus; III, broken. Pronotum: length .78 mm ., width at base 1.54 mm .

General coloration bluish green, basal line of scutellum, antennae, apical half of rostrum, tibial spines and tarsi, black. Membrane pale to dusky, veins bluish green. Clothed with prominent, erect, simple pale hairs and thickly intermixed with silvery white, sericeous to scale-like pubescence, being very much like sericatus in this respect. Genital claspers distinctive, left clasper with dorsal half vertical, sides parallel, not at all acuminate, dorsal edge curved slightly inward, broadly and rather deeply notched, leaving the dorsal angles acuminate and curved slightly cephalad; postero-dorsal margin of genital segment set with four prominent blade-like, chitinous projections, whereas sericatus has only two blades and a small spine.

ㅇ. Length 5 mm ., width 2 mm . Head: width 1.15 mm ., vertex .74 mm . Antennae: segment I, length .44 mm. ; II, I. 69 mm .; III, I. 35 mm .; IV, .47 mm .; greenish to fuscous, last two segments darker. Pronotum: length $.80 \mathrm{~mm} .$, width at base 1.58 mm . More robust and hemelytra shorter than in the male, but very similar in pubescence and coloration.
Holotype: § June, i927, Mesa Verde National Park, Colorado (Vasco M. Tanner) ; author's collection. Allotype: June II, 1915, beyond Jacumba, San Diego Co., California (Harold Morrison), from sage-brush; author's collection. Paratypes: 3 o 2 ㅇ, taken with the allotype; unfortunately poorly preserved, but the male claspers are very distinctive and undoubtedly belong here. Utah-2 $0^{2}$ June 23, 1913, Kanab (E. D. Ball). ס', La Sal (Vasco M. Tanner). ¢ Aug. 4, i921, Butte, Montana (F. M. Sallee). Named in honor of Dr. ${ }^{\bullet}$ Vasco M. Tanner who collected and preserved the best male specimen.

## Pseudopsallus davisi n. sp.

Distinguished from allied species by the prominent, erect, black hairs on the dorsum ; probably more closely allied to tanneri as shown by form of left genital clasper, but the black bristle-like hairs and other characters separate it easily.
${ }^{\text {on }}$. Length 5.4 mm ., width 1.7 mm . Head: width .93 mm ., vertex .476 mm . Rostrum, length I .17 mm ., reaching to base of hind coxae, green, apex black. Antennae: segment I,

