

broad longitudinal stripes on pronotum (the 2 median not extending on to the anterior lobe and not quite reaching to the slightly reflexed posterior margin), lateral margins of scutellum, etc. black. Elytra more dilute, striped with brownish-grey, lateral margins and the cuneus immaculate. Membrane fumate, not marbled, nervures flavostramineous. First 2 segments of antennæ blackish, 3rd obscure brownish. Legs obscure brownish, spotted and striped with black. Ventral surface greenish-testaceous, mesosternum striped with black; abdomen sublaterally and tarsi, blackish. Second segment of antennæ  $2\frac{1}{2}$  times as long as 1st,  $\frac{1}{2}$  longer than 3rd. Interior membranous area sometimes angularly rotundate apically, sometimes acutangular.

Long.  $6\frac{1}{2}$ - $7\frac{1}{2}$  mill., lat. 2 mill.

*Hab.* NATAL, Howick.

*Olympiocapsus*, gen. nov.

Smooth, not punctured. Head and pronotum strongly declivous, the former long triangular; vertex as wide between the eyes as the 2 eyes together, obscurely marginate near the eyes, not sulcate. Clypeus prominent, extending beyond apex of vertex. Eyes almost touching pronotum. Rostrum extending to intermediate coxæ. First segment of antennæ distinctly shorter than pronotum, collar comparatively long, about as long as the width of the 1st antennal segment; pronotal callosities obscure. Pronotum and scutellum transversely rugulose; base of the former emarginate, exposing anterior margin of scutellum. Interior area of membrane apically rotundate-angulate. Corium without extra nervures.

Differs from *Dichrooscytus*, Fieb., the only other impunctate genus with laterally marginate vertex, by the long 1st segment of the antennæ. Not unlike *Eurycyrtus*, Reuter, in general appearance, but with longer head, eyes not touching pronotum, and membranous areole more angulate.

21. *O. celestialium*, sp. nov. (Plate VI, figs. 17, 18.)

Black, a posterolateral spot on the vertex between the eyes on each side, a mediolongitudinal stripe on pronotum, the 3 angles of the scutellum, a small ring (with black centre) about the middle of each half of the posterior lobe of pronotum, posterior margin of pronotum, and lateral margins of elytra (very narrowly), a spot near apical margin of exocorium—pale flavotestaceous. Cuneus