the vertex is not glabrous, and is somewhat pilose. In affinis the 1st segment of the antennæ is thicker in proportion than in aurora, and moreover in the latter the 2nd segment is about $\frac{2}{3}$ longer than the 1st, while in affinis it is $2\frac{1}{2}$ (or nearly) times as long as the 1st. Mr. Distant had only carded specimens (as is also the case with mine), and full structural details are therefore still wanting. It is possible that amethystus and aurora will be placed ultimately in a separate genus.

Resthenia, Spinola.

The type of this genus is:

12. R. scutata, Spinola.

1837. Essai sur les Hémiptères, p. 185, from Brazil, not included in Atkinson's Catalogue, and not mentioned, so far as I know, by any authors since Amyot and Serville.

13. R. simulacrum, sp. nov.

Very like *R. luteigera* (Stål), from Mexico, in appearance, but structurally different and distinguished at once by the black head.

Head, eyes, antennæ, a large triangular spot on pronotum (occupying the whole of the posterior lobe except the sides), scutellum, apical half of clavus, a broad transverse band on middle of corium, cuneus (except exterobasal angle), legs entirely, dead black. Collar, callosities, lateral margins (widely) of pronotum, base of clavus and corium, apical 3rd also of the latter, prosternum (mesosternum less or more), bright luteous obscurely and faintly mottled with orange-red. Membrane dark fumate. Abdomen beneath obscure pallid smoky. Second antennal segment as thick as the 1st, 2% longer than the latter, 3rd twice as long as the 1st. Pronotum $\frac{1}{3}$ longer than the 1st segment, acutely reflexed anteriorly at the sides of the callosities, somewhat obtuse (not reflexed) posterolaterally.

Long. 10 mill.

Hab. N. BRAZIL, Itaituba.

The black markings on pronotum, scutellum and elytra bear a ludicrous resemblance to the head and shoulders of a man in a pith helmet.