paler; eyes piceous; antennæ with the first joint black, the second ochraceous, with its apex black (remaining joints mutilated in typical specimen); scutellum stramineous, with a broad, central, longitudinal black fascia; corium black, base of costal margin dull ochraceous; cuneus pale stramineous, its inner angular area and apex piceous; membrane hyaline, slightly fuliginous, cellular margins and basal area (reflecting the dark abdomen beneath) blackish; sternum and abdomen beneath black; head beneath, rostrum, anterior and lateral margins of prosternum, and the legs ochraceous, posterior femora black, tibiæ biannulated with fuscous near base; head longer than broad, basal joint of antennæ considerably longer than head, second joint about twice as long as first and finely setose; pronotum coarsely punctate, with a transverse anterior callosity; clavus and corium thickly finely punctate; rostrum reaching the posterior coxæ.

Length 5 mm. Hab. Kurseong.

Gismunda modesta, sp. n.

Brownish ochraceous; antennæ with the basal joint brownish ochraceous, second joint ochraceous, with its apical half black and moderately thickened, third joint brownish, its base ochraceous; head strongly deflected in front of eyes; antennæ with the first joint about as long as head, second a little more than twice as long as first, its apical half distinctly incrassate and pilose; rostrum reaching the posterior coxæ*; pronotum short, transverse, strongly deflected, moderately coarsely punctate; scutellum slightly tumid; corium shortly but not prominently pilose, and thickly, finely punctate on about interior half, clavus thickly, coarsely punctate; cuneus broader than long, its apex subacute; membrane pale fuliginous, with darker mottlings, the cellular areas pale fuscous, longly passing the abdominal apex; tibiæ finely spinulose.

Length 5 mm.

Hab. Darjiling, 6000 feet.

To be separated from G. chelonia, Dist., by its unicolorous hue, much less pilose corium, less tumid scutellum, &c.

THAUMATURGUS, gen. nov.

Head strongly almost perpendicularly deflected, subtriangular, the lateral margins a little sinuate, the apex obtusely

* In the description of this genus for "rostrum about reaching the intermediate coxe" read "posterior coxe."