short and broad, pedunculate at base; legs long and slender, basal and apical joints of tarsi about equally long, tibiæ distinctly longer than the femora.

This genus may be placed in the Division Myrmecophyaria, Reut.

Rhodoclia convictionis, sp. n.

Head, pronotum, scutellum, and hemelytra piceous-brown; head with a pale ochraceous line extending centrally and perpendicularly for a short distance from base, and then curved and diverging on each side to the anterior margins of eyes; scutellum with a central pale longitudinal line; abdomen greyish ochraceous; head beneath, sternum, rostrum, and legs pale brownish ochraceous; the pedunculate base of abdomen centrally piceous, with the lateral margins greyish; legs and antennæ thinly spinously hirsute, the head also margined with pale long hairs. Long. 3° 6 to 8, 2° 5¹/₂ to 6 millim.

Hab. Nilgiri Hills; Barwood Estate (H. Leslie Andrews).

ZARATUS, gen. nov.

Head subtriangular, obliquely deflected in front of eyes, moderately centrally longitudinally sulcate on disk, eyes of moderate size but a little projecting beyond the anterior margin of the pronotum; antennæ with the first joint nearly as long as head, second joint more than twice as long as first, third longer than first, fourth mutilated; rostrum not reaching the anterior coxæ, first joint about reaching base of head; pronotum elongate, but a little broader at base than long, transversely constricted a little before anterior margin, posteriorly convexly tumid, anterior and posterior margins truncate, the lateral margins narrowing to apex, angularly sinuate at the transverse constriction, thence straight to anterior margin; scutellum small, subtriangular; clavus long, almost reaching to base of cuneus; corium with the lateral margins strongly concavely sinuate, broadly widened at the cuneal area; membrane slightly passing the abdominal apex; abdomen broad, globose, constricted at base; legs of moderate length, the posterior tarsi mutilated.

Allied to the Neotropical genus Zosippus, Dist., from which it principally differs by the unarmed scutellum.

Zaratus repandus, sp. n.

Head, pronotum, and scutellum pale cinnamon-brown; scutellum with an obscure pale concave line and a small basal spot; corium pale cinnamon-brown, an oblique basal spot on each side, which are almost connected with a transverse spot beyond apex of scutellum, and a transverse concave fascia on each side before cuneus whitish, the cuneal suture more obscurely whitish; membrane black, with an obscure pale transverse fascia near base; legs pale cinnamon-brown, apices of femora and about apical thirds of tibiæ and the tarsi pale stramineous, apices of tarsi black (posterior tarsi mutilated); antennæ pale ochraceous, third joint, excluding base, black; body beneath imperfectly seen in carded specimens. Long. 4 millim.

Hab. Nilgiri Hills; Barwood Estate (H. Leslie Andrews).