

Genus **TYRAQUELLUS**, nov.Type, *T. albofasciatus*, Motsch.*Distribution.* Ceylon.

Elongate; head moderately long and somewhat triangular anteriorly; eyes inserted near anterior margin of pronotum; antennæ with the first joint incrassate and about as long as head, second about three times as long as first; rostrum reaching the posterior coxæ; pronotum nearly twice as broad at base as long, with a very narrow anterior collar, behind which it is distinctly constricted, gradually deflected from base, lateral margins concavely sinuate; mesonotum a little exposed; scutellum small, subtriangular; hemelytra with their margins nearly straight and subparallel; membrane longly passing abdominal apex; cuneus a little longer than broad; legs more or less mutilated in all the specimens examined.

1450. *Tyraquellus albofasciatus*, *Motsch.* (*Leptomerocoris*?) *Bull. Soc. Nat. Mosc.* xxxvi (2) p. 86 (1863).

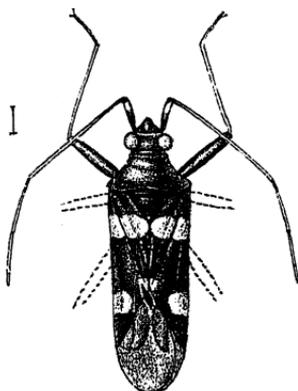


Fig. 303.

Tyraquellus albofasciatus.

Black or piceous; antennæ ochraceous, first joint black with an apical ochraceous annulation; eyes granulate, silvery-white; corium and clavus crossed by a transverse macular fascia near apex of scutellum, and corium with a large apical spot and a smaller one near apex of clavus, white; cuneus sometimes castaneous; membrane fuliginous; colour semi-opaque; pronotal posterior angles obtusely subprominent; anterior legs with the coxæ and femora piceous, the tibiæ and tarsi ochraceous, remaining legs mutilated in four specimens examined.

Length 3 millim.

Hab. Ceylon; Yatiantota (*Green*).

1451. *Tyraquellus maculatus*, sp. n.

Piceous; corium with a lateral spot outside centre of clavus and a larger spot at apex white; membrane fuliginous; first and second joints of antennæ ochraceous, base of first joint piceous, remainder mutilated; rostrum ochraceous; femora piceous, tibiæ dark castaneous; eyes with silvery-white lustre.

Length $3\frac{1}{2}$ millim.*Hab.* Ceylon; Yatiantota (*Green*).Division *BRYOCORARIA*.

Bryocoraria, *Reut. Bih. Vet.-Ak. Handl.* iii, 1, p. 6 (1875); *id. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr.* 1892, p. 393.