From the ANNALS AND MAGAZINE OF NATURAL HISTORY Ser. 9, Vol. xix. p. 94, January 1927.

A new Species of Miridæ from the South-east Pacific. By L. EVELYN CHEESMAN F.E.S., F.Z.S.

Cyrtorrhinus riveti, sp. n.

J. Shining black; sparsely and irregularly covered with long, whitish, subdepressed hairs, less sparsely on the hemelytra. A large spot on each side of the vertex touching the inner margin of the eyes; antenniferous tubercles, margins of bucculæ, extreme base and apex of first antennal segment, rostrum, hemelytra, a broad longitudinal faseia in the centre of the abdomen reaching to the base of the sixth apparent segment, and legs creamy-white. Apices of femora, tibiæ, and tarsi suffused with pale creamy-brown. Abdomen laterally and apically castaneous.

Head seen from above much broader than long; seen from the side, height at the base equal to the length. Antennæ clothed in short light brown pilosity; first segment reaching for half its length beyond the apex of the head; length of segments beginning with the first 18-54:(65=1 mm.), apical segments missing. Rostrum reaching the apex of the posterior coxæ. Pronotum transverse; length just over twotifths of the breadth at the base, which is almost twice the