

Pronotum a little longer than wide at base, narrowed at middle, posterior margin widely sinuate, posterior angle rounded, lateral margins rounded and strongly inclined, the anterior coxal cleft seen from above, calli obsolete, collar very wide, almost as wide as length of one eye, disc of pronotum slightly carinate at middle. Mesoscutum large and prominent, widely exposed. Scutellum short and acute at apex.

Hemelytra slightly narrowed at middle, veins, distinct, cuneus very short, about as long as wide at base, veins of membrane thick with well marked areolae.

Antennae long and fine, segment I glabrous, as long as pronotum longitudinally, incrassate towards its base, the remaining segments with approximate same thickness. Legs slender and long, especially the hind pair, covered by short hairs. Hind tarsi with first segment about as long as the third, arolia free and divergent.

Type of genus: Kamaiurana xinguensis n.sp.

This genus is placed in the tribe *Resthenini* due to its wide collar, ostiolar peritreme small, its dorsal margin situated below the ventral margin of mesepimeron. The collar is strongly convex as in the other genera of this tribe and the body surface smooth and opaque.

***Kamaiurana xinguensis* n.sp.**

(Fig. 1)

Characterized by its colour and very short pubescence.

Female: Length 4.2 mm., width 1.2 mm., *Head*: length 0.2 mm., width 1.0 mm., vertex 0.55 mm. *Antennae*: segment I, length 0.5 mm.; II, 1.7 mm.; III, 1.3 mm.; IV, 1.1 mm. *Pronotum*: length 0.6 mm., width at base 0.8 mm. *Rostrum*: length 1.1 mm.

Colour: Brown with whitish areas; basal half of corium and embolium, cuneus (except extreme apex), small spot inferiorly at base of abdomen between hind coxae, white; first antennal segment, 3rd segment of rostrum, extremity of tarsi, eyes and apex of cuneus, black to fuscous; anterior half of body brownish red, hemelytra with apical half brownish fuscous, legs dark brown.

Body very shortly pubescent, almost glabrous, posterior legs fairly long.

Male: Unknown.

Holotype: Female, "Confluencia Xingu Koluene, Mato Grosso, Brasil, 6-947, J. C. M. Carvalho col. *Paratype*: female, Cerrado Kalapalo, Koluene, Mato Grosso, Brasil, J. C. M. C. col. 1947, in the Collections of the Author and of the National Museum, Rio de Janeiro.

This species has a certain ant-like appearance, especially with respect to its colour. This may be explained as a protective adaptation to its habitat