I am indebted to Dr. H. H. Knight who has examined this and the following species and placed them generically for me.

Psallus insularis sp. nov.

Color sordid stramineous with sparse coating of depressed hairs, fringed with a few long hairs along the lateral margin of the pronotum. Head somewhat shining, nearly .25 mm. long and .5 mm. wide. Antennae a little dusky, short, with the two basal segments relatively stout; first segment reaching just beyond apex of the head, second segment .65 mm. long, third one-half the length of the second, the fourth a trifle over one-half the length of third. Rostrum, except at apex, pale, reaching to apices of posterior coxae. Pronotum .75 mm. wide and .3 mm. long. Scutellum with width equal to length, somewhat shining, frequently a little dusky. Hemielytra somewhat shining, with the costal edge nearly straight. Membrane lightly infuscated. Sternum and venter concolorous, pale. Legs pale, femora with a few fine black hairs beneath and tibia provided with a few short black setae. Tarsi, except at apices, pale.

Length, 2 mm.

Type: male, James Island; allotype, topotypic. Paralypes: three and eight females, James Island. The specimens are all in rather poor condition.

Family REDUVIIDAE

Repipta annulipes sp. nov.

Male moderately elongate, sparsely pilose, somewhat shining; stramineous in color. A broad fascia on the sides of the head before and behind the eyes, apices of the jugae and tylus, narrow rim about the ocelli, anterior pronotal tubercles, a broad fascia on the propleura, two subparallel fascia on the mesopleura meeting anteriorly, a single fascia on the meta-pleura, a broad longitudinal fascia along the sides of the venter continuous with the fascia of the pleura, the outer margins of ventral segments 2-5 posteriorly and the costal margins fusco-piceous. The posterior lobe of pronotum, bases of the four spines and two discal spots posteriorly on the anterior lobe and the hemielytra dark brown or fuscous. The antennae and legs are pale stramineous, the femora twice banded beyond middle with brown, the tibiae with two sub-basal bands and the apices brown.

Head equally long as the pronotum, shining, provided with two mediocre pale spines at base of the antenniferous tubercles, these not as long as one-third the length of an eye; postocular region a little longer than anteocular, much narrowed posteriorly to form a short collum, somewhat swollen behind the eyes, the sides lightly rounded and slightly converging posteriorly towards collum, the latter rather sharply set off. Antennae with basal segment stramineous, sparsely setose, three and one-half mm. long, slightly embrowned at apex; second segment slightly embrowned at apex, one mm. long, third segment slightly incrassate, narrowly pale at base, 5 mm. long, fourth segment brown, about 1.5 mm. long. Rostrum pale with little difference between the length of the first and second segments. Pronotum sparsely covered with incumbent grayish hairs, especially on the posterior lobe; anterior lobe shining, the deep