

Sub-Family MACROLOPHINÆ.

Division MACROLOPHARIA.

✓ *Cyrtopeltis* (*Gallobelicus*, Dist.) *cruentatus*, n. sp. (Pl. XX, fig. 10).

Size as in *C. (Gallobelicus) crassicornis*. Ochraceous, possibly more virescent in life. Rather sparsely long-pilose. First antennal joint, except apex and base, red brown; base and a sub-apical broad annulation of second antennal joint red brown; third joint similarly marked but of a deeper red brown; Fourth joint dark brown; antenna finely flavescently pilose. Markings of thoracic pleuræ and base of rostrum blood red. Anterior portion of pronotum along the sulcation and transversely at the constriction sanguineous. There may be two fuscous spots just posterior to the constriction. Scutellum with two fine curved median longitudinal fasciæ deep red, the concavity being outwards. The exposed mesonotum has two deep red markings and a central ochraceous stripe. Apex of corium and apex of cuneus and vein of membranal cell sanguineous. Membrane hyaline. Intermediate femora with sub-apical blood-red annulation, which is about three times as broad on the posterior femora; the basal half of these latter, excluding the extreme base, brownish red. (This last marking may be absent). Apices of tarsi red-brown.

Length : 3 mm.

Habitat : Coimbatore and Kistna Districts, South India; on grass (*Y. Ramachandra Rao*), on *Boerhavia repens* (*T. Bainbrigge Fletcher*).

Type in British Museum (Natural History).

✓ *Cyrtopeltis* (*Gallobelicus*, Dist.) *cæsar*, n. sp.

Colouration as in *G. crassicornis*, Dist., but, as far as the antennæ are concerned, paler; a variation is that in one specimen the first antennal joint is not black and the basal and apical portions of the second joint are much paler than in *crassicornis*. The antenna is longer in proportion in this species than in *crassicornis*. Total length of insect is 4 mm. whilst *crassicornis* measures 3 mm. The eyes are larger and the space between them smaller. The pronotum is more broadly sulcate anteriorly. The membranal cell is somewhat apically constricted.

Habitat : Godavari District, South India; on tobacco (*T. V. Ramakrishna Ayyar*).

Type in British Museum.

✓ *Armachamus pusæ*, n. sp. (Pl. XXI, fig. 11).

Mottled brown, the mottling of head and pronotum and first antennal segment more reddish brown than on the hemelytra. Eyes black. Broad dark brown sub-apical annulation on first antennal segment of which the base is dark brown. Legs mottled with reddish brown. Posterior and intermediate coxæ luteous. Anterior