

*Berytinus minor* (Herr.-Sch.)—many colonies under various prostrate legumes; *B. montivagus* (Mey.-Duer)—one colony under Black Medick on the east heath; *B. signoreti* (Fieb.)—several colonies under *Lotus corniculatus* (L.) and scattered individuals in moss; *B. crassipes* (Herr.-Sch.)—two colonies under *Cerastium* on the east heath.

#### LYGAEIDAE

*Megalonotus chiragra* (Fab.); *Stygnocoris rusticus* (Fall.); *S. pedestris* (Fall.); *S. fuligineus* (Geoff.); *Peritrechus sylvestris* (Fab.); *P. geniculatus* (Hahn); *Trapezonotus arenarius* (L.)—at Witley Common this is the sandhill-grassheath form as opposed to the heather-heath form which occurs on Thursley Common nearby (Leston and Woodroffe, in prep.); *Rhyparochromus pini* (L.)—one example, probably a stray from nearby Thursley Common, where it is abundant; *Drymus sylvaticus* (Fab.); *D. brunneus* (Sahl.).

#### TINGIDAE

*Dictyonota strichnocera* Fieb.; *D. tricornis* (Schr.); *Tingus cardui* (L.).

#### REDUVIIDAE

*Coranus subapterus* Deg.—a pair under *Erica* on the western edge of the west heath; the male was macropterous.

#### NABIDAE

*Nabis ferus* (L.); *N. ericetorum* Sch.

#### ANTHOCORIDAE

*Acompocoris pygmaeus* (Fall.); *Orius niger* (Wolff); *Xyllocoris galactinus* (Fieb.)—one adult on cindery ground on the east heath in June. This species is usually found in fermenting vegetable rubbish but it flies freely and this was probably an accidental occurrence.

#### MIRIDAE

*Pithanus maerkeli* (Herr.-Sch.); *Phytocoris varipes* Boh.; *Adelphocoris lineolatus* (Goeze)—extremely abundant on leguminous plants throughout the latter half of the summer; *Calocoris roseomaculatus* (Deg.)—extremely abundant on *Lotus corniculatus* and other Papilionaceae throughout the summer; *C. norvegicus* (Gmel.); *Lygus rugulipennis* Popp.; *Plesiocoris rugicollis* (Fall.); *Poecilo-*