## 15. Microphylellus modestus Reuter 1909:76

(Phylus modestus Uhl. [MS.])

This was a Uhler manuscript name but the "MS" was omitted. In the Cornell University collection we found specimens collected by Heidemann on linden blossoms in Washington and labeled as *Phylus modestus* Uhl. MS. These were determined later by Knight as *Microphylellus modestus* Reuter.

## 16. Deraeocoris nitenatus Knight 1921:141 (Camptobrochis grandis Uhl.)

We found a specimen of *D. nitenatus* among undetermined material in the Cornell University collection bearing the labels: "D.C., 20/6. 88," "found on Linden Blossom." There is a second specimen with the same data but no host label. Since Knight (1921) showed Uhler's type series of *grandis* to be a composite of at least 4 species, it is possible that other species of *Deraeocoris* could have been represented in Heidemann's series from linden. However, only the single specimen of *nitenatus* among many Heidemann specimens of *Deraeocoris* spp. examined in the Cornell and USNM collections bore a *Tilia* host label.

SPECIES LISTED FROM ASH, FRAXINUS SP.

## 17. Xenoborus pettiti (Reuter) 1909:50

(Neoborus pettitii [sic] Uhl. MS)

Heidemann did not validate this name; Reuter (1909) described this species.

## 18. Brachynotocoris heidemanni (Knight) 1927a:13 (Orthotylus delicatus Uhl. MS)

Heidemann validated this name by describing delicatus as: "A very delicate capsid of a light green color." Knight (1927a) described Diaphnidia heidemanni and included as holotype, allotype, and several paratypes specimens collected by Heidemann before 1892 (his holotype bears the label "Orthotylus delicatus, Uhler, D.C."). Knight noted that Heidemann had given the host as