DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL GENERA.

Acrorrhinium Noualhier, 1895, see page 66.

Aeolocoris Reuter, 1903, see page 121 and discussion under Aeolocoris group.

Alloeomimus Reuter, 1910b.

The male genitalia (as illustrated by Hoberlandt, 1953, for *Alloeomimus kurdus*), parempodia, pronotal collar, and facies confirm the placement of this genus in the Hallodapini. Two species are known from the Mediterranean.

* Amazonocoris Carvalho, 1952c, see genera incertae sedis.

* Anapsallus Odhiambo, 1959c, see Phylini.

Aspidacanthus Reuter, 1901.

The structure of the head and pronotum, hemelytral coloration, and general facies place this genus in the Hallodapini. The scutellar spine shows a very close relationship to *Myombea*. Two species are known from Senegal and Turkestan.

Azizus Distant, 1910a, see page 80.

Bibundiella Poppius, 1914a.

I have not examined specimens of this genus, but based on the original description, it belongs to the Hallodapini. The type specimen of *Bibundiella obscura* Poppius, is in the Helsinki Museum (personal communication, Martin Meinander, Helsinki Museum), although Poppius' (1914a) original description indicates that it was deposited in the Berlin-Humboldt Museum.

Boopidella Reuter, 1907b, see page 121.

Carinogulus Schuh, new genus, see page 81.

Chaetocapsus Poppius, 1914a.

I have not examined *Chaetocapsus binotatus* Poppius, the type species of the genus, but the original description indicates that it belongs to the Hallodapini. The holotype of *C. binotatus* is in the Helsinki Museum (personal communication, Martin Meinander, Helsinki Museum), although Poppius (1914a) indicated that it was deposited in the Berlin-Humboldt Museum.

* Closterocoris Uhler, 1890, Mirinae, see misplaced genera.

Coquillettia Uhler, 1890, see discussion under Coquillettia group.