Male Genitalia: Figures 276-278.
Holotype: Macropterous í, south africa: Cape Province, Grootfontein, Middelburg, October, M. Johannsmeier (SANC).

Paratypes: Cape Province- 8 macropterous ì ô, same data as holotype; 1 macropterous o, idem, 15.X. 65 (Schoombee) (SANC, JAS, RTS).

This species is named for the light coxal coloration.
Parasciodema albicoxa is the only species in the genus with white coxae.

## Parasciodema nigrifemur, new species

Figures 75, 279
Macropterous Male: Dark brown, including all appendages; vestiture and body surface as in Parasciodema albicoxa.

Structure very similar to $P$. albicoxa except as follows: eyes not reaching so far ventrally and leaving genae slightly exposed; pronotum moderately inclined posteriorly; hemelytra longer relative to total length (see measurements); abdomen reaching to about basal third of cuneus; male genital capsule with distinct keel ventrally.

Measurements: Total length 4.68, maximum width 1.62, length head .18 , width head .88 , interocular space .40 , length pronotum .52, width pronotum 1.24 , length scutellum .68 , width scutellum .72, length corium 2.64 , length clavus 1.56 , length cuneus .96 , width cuneus .60 , length claval commissure .88 , distance apex commissure-apex membrane 2.44 , length metatibia 1.96 ; length antennal segments $1-.28,2-1.16,3-.50,4-$ ?; length labial segments 1-. 40, 2-. 44, 3-. 28, 4-. 38 .

Male Genitalia: Figure 279; left clasper and phallotheca structurally very similar to those of albicoxa.

Holotype: Macropterous i, south africa: Cape Province, Grootfontein, Middelburg, October, M. Johannsmeier (SANC).

Paratypes: 6 macropterous $\hat{\text { o }} \mathrm{o}$, same data as holotype (SANC, RTS).

This species is named for the dark femoral coloration.
Parasciodema nigrifemur is the only species in the genus with totally dark colored legs.

## Parasciodema nitens Poppius

Parasciodema nitens Poppius, 1914a, p. 105.
This species is known only from the male holotype from "Seewald," South West Africa. Poppius (1914a) noted that the speci-

