

ADDITIONAL SPECIMENS: All specimens macropterous. *Natal*—5 ♂♂, 1 ♀, 65 nymphs (in alcohol), same data as holotype; 1 ♂, 1 ♀, Natal Nat. Park, iii.1932 (Mackie); 1 ♂, 1 ♀, Port Shepstone, 5.97; 3 ♂♂, 3 ♀♀, V. Reenen. *Transvaal*—2 ♀♀, 5 nymphs (in alcohol), 13 mi. S. Barberton, 5300 ft. el., 24 Mar. 1968 (Adults and nymphs on *Hemizygia albiflora* [N.E. Br.] Ashby); 49 ♂♂, 25 ♀♀ (2 ♂♂, 52 nymphs—in alcohol), Mariepskop near Klaserie, 6300 ft., 30 Nov. 1967 (Adults and nymphs on *Hemizygia albiflora* [N.E. Br.] Ashby) (SANC, TM, BM[NH], HM, USNM, JAS, RTS).

This species is named for its general occurrence on the Drakensberg Escarpment.

Austropsallus drakensbergensis is probably most closely related to *A. helichrysi*. It can be recognized by the uniform covering of brown spots on the dorsum and the long hairs on the antennae with dark spots at the bases on segment 1 and the proximal half of segment 2. Most specimens are rusty orange in coloration, but the series from Mariepskop is dark purplish brown, and has therefore not been included in the paratype series even though the structural features, including the male genitalia, agree closely with the specimens treated as paratypes.

Known host plants are *Syncolostemon macranthus* (Guerke) (Labiateae) and *Hemizygia albiflora* (N.E. Br.) Ashby (Labiateae). The general coloration of the bugs usually agrees rather closely with the coloration of the flowers of the host plant.

***Austropsallus helichrysi*, new species**

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MACROPTEROUS MALE: Basic coloration light grayish green or yellow green; dorsum, femora, and tibiae covered with round brown spots; posterior margin of vertex and mesoscutum orange; scutellum and thoracic pleura brown; ostiolar peritreme white; all tarsal segments 3 black; abdomen very dark brown.

Dorsum dull; setiform hairs slender, dark; hairs on antennae and femora light; femora and tibiae with black spines.

Labium reaching almost to middle of abdomen.

MEASUREMENTS: Total length 4.52, maximum width 1.40, length head .30, width head .76, interocular space .36, length pronotum .44, width pronotum 1.20, length scutellum .64, width scutellum .80, length corium 2.12, length clavus 1.56, length cuneus .68, width cuneus .28, length claval commissure .88, distance apex commissure–apex membrane 1.88, length metatibia 2.00; length