length of tibial diameter, mostly on ventral surfaces, and rows of tiny, closely spaced spines; tarsal claws moderately long, evenly curved, broad basally; parempodia hair-like, parallel; pulvilli small.

MALE GENITALIA: Figures 182-184.

BRACHYPTEROUS FEMALE: See S. slateri below.

FEMALE GENITALIA: Posterior wall a simple sclerotized plate. Type Species: Skukuza slateri, new species.

This genus is named for Skukuza, a locality in the Kruger National Park, near which several specimens of the genus were collected.

Skukuza can be separated from other African genera by the neck-like structure of the head posteriorly, the eyes being well removed from the anterior margin of the pronotum, the scutellum lacking a spine, and the antennae being inserted below and removed from the ventral margin of the eyes. This genus appears to be most closely related to Formicopsella in general facies and also in the form of the male genitalia, which are typical of the Hallodapini.

Skukuza slateri, new species Figures 36-37, 182-184

MACROPTEROUS MALE: Basic coloration dull gray brown; frons and all tibiae chocolate brown; antennae generally brown, median third of segment 2 somewhat lighter than remainder of segment; proximal third of antennal segment 3, transverse V-shaped macula at about midpoint of corium, and posterior margin of corium broadly white (Fig. 36).

Labium just surpassing mesocoxae; posterior margin of pronotum uniformly excavated across mesoscutum; metatarsal segments 2 and 3 subequal in length, metasarsal segment 1 slightly shorter than segment 2.

Measurements: Total length 5.20, maximum width 1.48, length head .68, width head 1.00, interocular space .48, length pronotum .68, width pronotum 1.40, length scutellum .88, width scutellum 1.04, length corium 2.44, length clavus 1.80, length cuneus .88, width cuneus .40, length claval commissure 1.00, distance apex commissure-apex membrane 2.20, length metatibia 3.92; length antennal segments 1—.28, 2—1.92, 3—1.32, 4—?; length labial segments 1—.64, 2—.64, 3—.40, 4—.48.

MALE GENITALIA: Figures 182-184.

BRACHYPTEROUS FEMALE: Coloration, body surface texture, and vestiture as in male, except basic color slate gray.

Head very similar in structure to macropterous male, slightly larger in relation to total body size, eyes smaller relative to total