

Fig. 33. Orthotylus rubrocuneatus sp. n.: a processes of vesica; b lower process of same, ventral aspect; c - d styli. – O. tamarindi sp. n.: e pygophore from side; f - g right and h left stylus; i penis. – O. tamarindi nubaensis ssp. n.: j - k right stylus; l dorsal process of vesica (marked with arrow in Fig. i). – O. strigilifer sp. n.: m pygophore from side; n process marked with arrow in Fig. m, broad aspect; o - p styli; q penis; t venis; penis; of same.

Parallel-sided, nearly $3 \times as$ long as broad at pronotum. Hair covering of upper surface pale, longish, semi-erect. Head about $0.73 \times as$ broad as pronotum, vertex basally only faintly margined, ocular index 0.9 (3) or 1.6 (9). Proportions between antennal joints 6:22:19:9, 2nd joint slightly shorter than basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum twice as broad as long. Male genitalia: genital segment with long dentate processes on right side of genital opening (Fig. 33 e); Styli as in Fig. 33 f - h; Vesical appendages as in Fig. 33 i.

Northern Province: Ed Damer-Shendi, 1 3, type and many paratypes, 1. XI. 1962. On Tamarindus indicus.

√ 0. tamarindi Lv. ssp. nubaensis ssp. n.

Length 3.25 mm. Like the nominate form, but somewhat robuster and hair covering darker. Ocular index 1.1 (\mathcal{J}). Right stylus as in Fig. 33 j - k. Subapical dorsal process of penis (Fig. 33 l; marked with arrow) narrower.

Kordofan: Kadugli, 1 &, type, 2 - 14. II. 1963. At lamp.

√ 0. strigilifer sp. n.

Length 3.5 - 4 mm. A pale green elongate species resembling O. mollis. Head $0.7 \times as$ broad as pronotum. Eyes much smaller, ocular index 0.90 - 1.09 (d) or 1.8 (Q). Proportions between antennal joints 7:29:22:10, 2nd joint $1.16 \times as$ long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum transverse, more than twice as broad as long. Genitalia characteristic, as in Fig. 33 m - r.

Equatoria: Kapoeta – Boma, 1 5, type and 6 paratypes, 26 – 27. III. 1963.

O. mollis sp. n.

Length 3.5 mm. Rather shiny. Yellowish green. Antennae and legs yellowish. Membrane whitish, veins green.

Elongate, body about $3.4 \times as \log as broad at pronotum.$ Hair covering pale. Head about $0.72 \times as broad as pronotum.$ Vertex basally only faintly marginate, eyes large, ocular index 0.70 - 0.77 (3) or 1.5 (2). Antennae long, proportions between joints 8:30:25:13, 2nd joint $1.2 \times as \log as basal$ width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to middle coxae.Pronotum slightly more than twice as broad as long. Elytrarather hyaline. Male genitalia as in Fig. <math>34a - e.

77, 1 paratype; 74, 1 paratype; Torit – Kapoeta, 1 3, type and 4 paratypes, 26. III. 1963.

√ 0. repandus sp. n.

Length 4 mm. Pale ochraceous (probably green in life). Antennae and legs yellow-brown. Membrane pale, veins yellowish.

A parallel-sided medium-sized species with pale hair covering. Body $3.2 \times as$ long as broad at pronotum. Head $0.7 \times as$ broad as pronotum, vertex basally only faintly marginate, eyes large, ocular index 0.67 - 0.86 (3) or 1.9 (?). Antennae long, proportions between joints 8:38:30:15, 2nd joint $1.s \times as$ long as basal width of pronotum. Rostrum extending to hind coxae. Pronotum twice as broad as long. Male genitalia characteristic, as in Fig. 34 f - i.

Equatoria: Kapoeta – Boma, 1 5, type and 2 paratypes, 26 – 27. III. 1963; 72, 2 paratypes. On Tamarindus indicus.