HOLOTYPE: \circ , Peru, Loreto, km 3, Tournavista Rd., 34 km W. Pucallpa, 300 meters, Dec. 17, 1971, at light, R. T. and J. C. Schuh. PARATYPES: 4 \circ \circ , same data as holotype (dates Dec. 16 and 17, 1971) (AMNH).

Remarks: This species may be separated by the strongly convex scutellum rising above pronotal disk, the fuscous head and pronotum and the long rostrum.

Hyalochloria tuberculata new species (Figs. 20, 22)

Holotype Male: length 2.96 mm; width 1.32 mm. Dorsum: uniformly yellow to testaceous. Head: width 0.70 mm, posterior angles clothed with long golden setae; vertex 0.42 mm, either side with a distinct pubescent tubercle. Rostrum: length 1.12 mm, reaching middle of metacoxae. Antennae: testaceous, I, length 0.26 mm, short, and subquadrate, a short, sharp spine near apex, a lateral finger-like process produced laterally at apex; sparsely set with erect yellowish setae (Fig. 20). II, 0.84 mm, emarginate at base, a stout tubercle at middle of emargination with a fuscous spine at apex, distal end of emargination with a truncate flap-like process recurving towards base and a longer more slender process curving anteriorly around segment; two stout fuscous setae arising from base of flap-like process recurving towards base and a longer more slender process curving anteriorly around segment; two long fuscous, spines 0.24 mm from base of segment on either side of segment, each apparently made up of 2 fused, stout spines; sparsely clothed with long, erect, pale setae on basal 3rd and short, recumbent setae beyond (Fig. 20). III, 0.60 mm, brown; IV, 0.46 mm yellowish to brown. Pronotum: length 0.39 mm, width at base 0.82 mm, shiny, whitish yellow, with a narrow fuscous mark at basal angles; clothed with fine, erect, golden setae; finely punctate; calli separated from disk by a narrow impressed line not reaching lateral margins. Hemelytra: hyaline, yellowish, very lightly accented with green, moderately arcuate, sparsely clothed with long, erect, golden setae, especially along emboliar margin. Membrane: translucent, inner margin lightly bordered with brown, areoles coriaceous. Venter: uniformly whitish yellow to testaceous. Legs: testaceous, mesofemora with a group of stout, fuscous to black rod-like setae on posterior aspect of apical 3rd; tibial spines weak and difficult to separate from setae.

HOLOTYPE: ♂, 8 miles west of El Limon, Tamaulipas, Mexico, July 20, 1970, taken at light, Murray, Phelps, Hart., Schaffner, coll. (NMNH type No. 73947).

Remarks: The male antennae make tuberculata the most distinct species of the genus. This plant bug may also be separated from other species by the well-developed pubescent tubercles on the vertex and the black rod-like setae on mesofemora.