paratype is a specimen of a *Paraproba* species with first antennal segment reddish, sides of pronotum also reddish, collar wide, abdomen and legs mutilated. Since there are not vittae on the first antennal segment I doubt if this specimen is really a paratype of *vittaticornis* Bruner.

Hyalopeplus longirostris Odhiambo, 1962

This species described from Uganda, seems to be identical with *Hyalopeplus similis* Poppius, 1912. Unfortunately I missed it when revising the tribe Hyalopeplini (Rec. South Austr. Mus. 1979). There are also specimens from Nyassaland. A critical study for comparison of these two species is desirable. Color variation on this species is widespread. Structure of genitalia seems to be constant.

Jacchinus Distant, 1893

With the facies of *Creontiades* Distant, 1883.

Jobertus trimaculatus Capriles,

Greenish with sclerotized areola of membrane concolor with hemelytra, hairs long and erect.

Jornandes championi Distant, 1884

Glabrous, shining, hemelytra shagrine, color lack, head (except a spot on vertex), area of calli nd sides of pronotum, a longitudinal fascia on exocorium, apex of hemelytra and base of cuneus externally pale to lutescent or citrine.

Jornandes cruralis Distant, 1893

Black, head, antenna and legs pale.

Knightocoris villosus (Distant, 1884)

The species is somewhat lutescent with a longitudinal spot on scutellum and areolar portion of membrane, apices of first and second antennal segments black; pubescence of body semiadpressed, dense and short.

Lundiella minuens (Distant, 1893)

Brownish to pale, head paler with a brown

spot on vertex, antenna pale, apex of second segment black.

Lundiella pertingens (Distant, 1893)

Brown with embolium and cuneus reddish.

Megacoelum biseratense (Distant, 1903)

The species belongs to genus *Creontiades* Distant, 1883. General coloration brown, pronotum lutescent with a longitudinal brown fascia at middle following anteriorly between calli in a T-like stripe.

Megacoelum brunnetii Distant, 1909

Reddish brown collar and hind margin of disc pale.

Megacoelum esmedorae Ballard, 1927

Species very near brunnetii Distant, 1909.

Megacoelum marginandum Distant, 1909

Pale brown with collar and posterior margin of disc pale, cuneus reddish, Ceylon.

Megacoelum nigroscutellatum Distant, 1920

This species from New Caledonia belong to genus *Faliscus* Distant, 1920 (*new combination*). The species is pale to ochraceous spotted with red, calli with raised lobes, scutellum strongly raised, pronotum strongly constricted, disc punctate, rows of longitudinal punctures along claval nervure and following embolium on corium. There are three specimens.

Megacoelum patrum Distant, 1909

This species described from Ceylon is brown, pronotum paler, apex of embolium and apex of cuneus reddish, collar and hind margin of disc pale.

Mertila ternatensis Distant, 1904

The type is a male from Ternate Island. The species belongs to genus *Imogen* Kirkaldy, 1905 (*new combination*). Second antennal segment moderately incrassate to apex. Body lutescent