Neotropical Miridae, LXXXV: New Species of Othotylinae in the Collection of the United States National Museum (Hemiptera, Heteroptera)*)

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In a small collection of neotropical Mirids sent for study by Dr. Reece I. Sailer there were two new species of *Othotylinae* which are herewith described and illustrated. For the loan of the specimens the authors express here their indebtness to Dr. Sailer.

There were also a series of *Ellenia cuneata* (Stal, 1860), a species from Central America. The specimens bear the following data: Yepocapa, Guatemala, May, June, August, December, 1948, H. T.Dalmat coll. $(2 \, \delta, 5 \, \circ)$; San Pedro de Montes de Oca, Costa Rica, June 9, 1937, on *Bidens pilosa*, C.H.Ballou, no. 538 $(7 \, \delta, 3 \, \circ)$; same locality, February, 22, 1935, on grass, C. H. Ballou, no. 536 $(2 \, \delta)$; Costa Rica, Pablo Schild coll. $(9 \, \delta, 6 \, \circ)$. For this species there are records from Southeastern Brazil (Rio de Janeiro, Minas Gerais, Santa Catarina) and a single one from Costa Rica (Carvalho, 1951, *Ann. Naturh. Mus. Wien* 58, 103). A careful comparison of the Central American specimens with those of Rio de Janeiro revealed that in spite of entire similarity in coloration and size, the left clasper of the Central American ones shows a smaller and stouter spine, adumbrating perhaps that speciation is going on. A figure of the left clasper of a Central American specimen is included here (Fig. 3).

New species are as follows:

Jobertus gracilentus sp. n.

Characterized by ist uniform colour and male genitalia.

Male: Length 2.7 mm, width 0.8 mm. Head: Length 0.30 mm, width 0.5 mm, vertex 0.22 mm. Antennae: Segment I, length 0.36 mm; II, 1.0 mm; III, 0.6 mm; IV, broken. Pronotum: Length 0.35 mm, width at base 0.7 mm.

Pale yellow; the hemelytra translucent with a greenish tinge, corial comissure of clavus darkened; touching the large areola medianly, a roundish dark spot.

Body covered with scanty, semierect hairs. First antennal segment slighty longer than head. Cuneus about two and half times longer than broad

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